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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi*

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TONIGHT & TOMORROW
CABARET DINNER DANCE
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COMMON MAN FIGURES IN TRADE PICTURE

Bhabha Defines India's National Policy

PLANNED DEVELOPMENT AND FIGHT AGAINST POVERTY

Protection To Industries And Control Of Imports

NEW DELHI, September 19. (A.P.I.): Defining the new Interim Government's trade policy Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Commerce Member, to-day enunciated four guiding principles.

Four Principles

Speaking at the opening meeting of the Trade Policy Committee, Mr. Bhabha said:

Firstly, India must take full part in all international conferences and develop close and direct contacts with other countries and co-operate with them in the furtherance of world peace and freedom.

Secondly, India's representatives will press the claims of industrially less advanced countries and suggest the adoption of measures which may lead to their economic advancement, thereby lending support to a policy which in the long run will benefit the leading industrial countries also.

Thirdly, the new Government will strive to increase the export of manufactured Indian goods, the natural markets for which are the countries of Asia and Africa.

Fourthly, it will take steps to control imports, not only by the use of tariffs, but by the application of more direct measures also, which will ensure that our limited resources are not frittered away on less essential goods and that the products of our new industries are suitably and adequately protected.

CONSULTATIVE PROCEDURE

Mr. Bhabha said: "The entire consultative procedure at present in force will need revision in the light of new policies which the new Government may lay down. Our endeavour will be to evolve a procedure which will enable rapid decisions to be taken after consulting all shades of opinion. The immediate purpose, however, is to ascertain your views on the proposals for the expansion of world trade and employment which have been published by the U.S. Government.

The American proposals will be discussed between the Governments concerned at a series of meetings, the first two of which are fixed for early next month. On October 1st there will be a meeting of British Commonwealth countries, followed on October 15th by a meeting of a Preparatory Committee consisting of representatives of 19 nations which has been set up by the United Nations economic and social council for this purpose. These meetings, we understand, will be at expert level and will provide a forum for the exchange of views between the Governments concerned as a preliminary to the drafting of a Charter. No commitments will be made at either meeting and if a Charter for the pro-

(Continued on Page 5.)

NO WHITEHALL DICTAT FOR NEHRU GOVT.

LONDON, Sept. 19 (UPA).—It is understood that the British Government have no desire to dictate to India what should be her foreign policy, since under Nehru's guidance India is "bound to have an independent foreign policy."

ESSENTIALS FOR PUBLIC SERVICE

Familiarity With Anger And Intimate Contact With Death

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19, (A.P.I.): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Member, Interim Government, in a statement to-day said: "I am receiving numerous telegrams from friends to whom I tender this respectful and grateful reply. We are escaping from death all of us every moment of our life. Familiarity with anger and intimate contact with death should be recognised as a necessary training for public service in every branch. Those who desire to create fear and anxiety among the people should be disappointed. This can be achieved through the detachment we have been told by our scriptures to practise. Even a little of it will serve a great deal."

Auchinleck Greets Baldev Singh

New Defence Member Takes Charge Of Office

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19, (A.P.I.): More than 20 generals and Senior Officers of the fighting services were among those introduced to Sardar Baldev Singh, India's new Defence Member, when he took charge today. On arrival at Defence Headquarters, Sardar Baldev Singh, who was accompanied by Mr. G. S. Bhaija, Defence Secretary, was greeted by Field Marshal Sir Claude Auchinleck, Commander-in-Chief in India.

In the C.-in-C's Committee Room the Defence Member was introduced to members of the Commander-in-Chief's Committee, including Lt.-Gen. Sir Arthur Smith, Chief of the General Staff, General Sir Reid Godwin-Austen, Principal Administrative Officer; Mr. Mohamed Ali, Financial Adviser, War and Supplies: Air Marshal Sir Roderick Carr, Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief; India; and Commodore W. Jefford, Officiating Chief of Staff, R.I.N.

The C.-in-C. then accompanied Sardar Baldev Singh to the War Room, where the Defence Member met Senior Officers of the three services, Heads of Departments, branches and Directorates. Among those who were introduced to the Defence Member were Lt.-Gen. O. M. P. Durnford, Quarter Master General in India; Air Vice-Marshal H. 'F. P. Walmsley, Air Officer, Administration; Air Vice-Marshal E. J. Kingston-McCloughry, Senior Air Staff Officer; Mr. P. Mason, Lt.-Col. Sikandar Mirza and Mr. S. N. Russell, Joint Secretaries, Defence Department.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON.
NEW YORK, Sept. 19.

Previous Closing	36.63
Today's Opening	36.70
Difference	+7
Today's Closing	36.82
Difference	+19

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE.
CALCUTTA, Sept. 19.

Share Market: An all round easier feeling prevailed in the Market.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
NEW YORK, Sept. 19.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors dol. 53-1/2, Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 37-7/8 United States Steel Common dol. 68-1/2, United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

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BILL FOR PROTECTION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES

Bombay's Minister For Law Defends "Goonda Act" Against Opposition Attacks

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Sept. 19.—"The Congress has always opposed and will continue to oppose any restrictions on all legitimate agitation for securing political rights and liberties. It is because these very activities are now being endangered that we are bringing forward this Bill. The Congress takes the fullest responsibility for it. It is prepared to stand before the bar of public opinion and be judged. Every honest citizen in the land who loves civil liberty has already welcomed this measure."

With these outspoken words uttered with quiet dignity, Mr. Dinkar Desai, Minister for Law, replied to a debate on the Clause relating to removal of persons in the District Police Act Amendment Bill in the Assembly today. The Minister for Law is piloting the Bill in the absence in Bombay of his colleague, the Home Member.

Attempts to amend this Clause which is one of the key Clauses of the Bill, having failed on the previous day, the Muslim League Party rigged up its full Opposition forces to oppose the Clause. Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, leader of the Opposition, in a strongly worded speech denounced the Bill as one of the blackest deeds done in an Assembly Chamber. He pointed out that the Congress was always clamouring against every curtailment of freedom. Judging them not by their past professions but by their present practice, it would seem that the Congress had become a Fascist organisation out to crush the freedom of political opponents. One of the tenets of civilised Governments was that no man shall be condemned without a fair trial and fair trial included the benefit of cross-examination. No man against whom unproved allegations were made could be deprived of his liberties. Under the provisions of the Clause a man could be asked to remove himself without knowing who were the people who made the allegations against him, what these allegations were and without the benefit of legal assistance. The very fundamental of criminal jurisprudence—assuming a man innocent till he was proved guilty—had been abandoned.

Mr. Chundrigar went on to point out that it was a fashion with the Congress to call the previous Government satanic. They were now outsataning Satan. They were asking for powers which the Satanic Government had not the boldness to seek. He cited an instance in the life of the Holy Prophet Mahomed when he had laid down that a man cannot be punished on mere suspicion. And thirteen centuries after a civilised Government was going against that healthy rule. The Congress Election Manifesto had promised that the Congress would strive for civil liberties and repeal all repressive laws. Instead they were coming forward with a Law more repressive than any on the Statute Book.

Mr. Dinkar Desai, in the course of his reply, made it clear that this measure was not intended to take away the civil liberty or to limit the legitimate freedom of activity of any political party. It was meant only to counter certain anti-Social activities which were working against civil liberties. It was only to meet an abnormal situation that the powers provided in the Bill had to be taken. Such powers were already being exercised under the Bombay City Police Act and not a single instance of its abuse has been cited in the course of arguments in the House. The clause was aimed at persons who should not be tolerated in any decent society. It was aimed at persons whose movements or acts were "causing or calculated to cause alarm, danger or harm to person or property." It was aimed at a "person who is engaged or is about to be engaged in the commission of an offence involving force or violence." It was aimed at a person who was so dangerous that witnesses would not be willing to give evidence against him in public. No political party in his view could come under any of these categories.

The Bill would in no way interfere with legitimate public activities. But measures had to be taken against the 'goonda' who was endangering such activities. The 'goonda' made no distinction between one community and another or between one class and another. What would civil liberties be worth if such people were not checked in time? The last vestige of such liberties as we possess would vanish.

The League Opposition continued its tactics of making a number of lengthy speeches, besides asking for divisions, although not as often as before.

Clause Three of the Bill providing for removal of persons having been passed, the House proceeded to consider the next Clause dealing with th procedure for taking evidence and passing orders. Amendments to this Clause were still under discussion, although the House sat for half an hour after the usual closing time. Divisions were challenged five times and of course lost. League members have nominated the day they began to ask for divisions as "D" Day: but their "D" Day does not seem to be a prelude to any "V" Day—"D" for Divisions, "V" for Victory. In fact to save time, the Congress Party Whip directed that all Congress supporters need not stand for division. As the Opposition could not muster more than 21 votes the full strength of the Congress was not wanted to vote down every one of their moves.

Ahmedabad Reward For Arrest Of Acid & Bomb Throwers

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 19.

The District Magistrate has announced a prize of Rs. 1,000 for information leading to arrests of persons throwing acid, bomb, explosives, etc.

****

MORARJI DESAI'S PRESS CONFERENCE

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, will hold a Press Conference at 3 p.m. on Saturday, September 21, at the Committee Room in the Government Secretariat.

****

Burma Postal Strike Spreads

Rangoon Commissioner Recruits New Policemen

RANGOON, Sept. 19, (A. P. I.): Fresh recruitment to Rangoon Town Police force will take place with immediate effect. This was announced by the Police Commissioner following the dismissal yesterday of 3,500 police constables and sub-inspectors, who went on strike on September 5 and did not return to duty as ordered on September 13.

According to the Police Commissioner's announcement a police constable will receive Rs. 70 per month including the cost-of-living allowance. The Commissioner denied that 30,000 policemen are on strike.

Postal Strike Spreads

The number of strikers in Burma has swollen to 6,000 including 3,500 dismissed strikers in Rangoon. The strike is complete in Pyapon and partial in fifteen districts. Remaining 22 districts are not affected.

The Postal strike has spread to Mandalay and five other towns, it is reported.

22 ESCAPE FROM JAIL.

The twenty-two convicts who escaped at midnight on Tuesday were from Rangoon Central Jail and not from the Insein Jail, as reported earlier, it was officially stated.

The casulties among the convicts from the firing by jail guards now total four killed and two seriously injured.

'MUTINY' SITE FOR CONGRESS PANDAL

The site for Meerut Congress Session is finally settled. The Congress Pandal will be erected on the College playground known as Victoria Park on which was the prison in 1857. The capacity of the Pandal has been decided to be kept at one and a half lakhs.

STOP PRESS

ALL QUIET AT NIGHT IN CITY

BOMBAY, Sept 19, (API): All is quiet to night as it has been during the day, says Director of Information in a Press Note issued at midnight today.

CANADIAN SPYRING MEMBERS ARRESTS

OTTAWA, Sept. 19. (Reuter): Miss Agatha Chapman, described as economist for the Bank of Canada, was taken into custody today and charged with conspiring with members of the alleged spyring in Canada to obtain and communicate secret information to the Soviet Union.

The case was adjourned until next Monday.

BOMBAY LABOUR BILL

POONA, Sept. 19. (API): The Bombay Industrial Relations Bill is to undergo some changes in the light of informal discussions the Labour Minister, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, had with some of the members of the Bombay Assembly during the past and this week.

BATTLE OVER TRIESTE GOVERNOR'S POWERS

PARIS, Sept. 19, (Reuter): V. M. Mosha Pijade, leading the Yugoslav Delegation, rejected the British and United States argument that the Governor of Trieste should have powers to initiate legislation when the Trieste Sub-committee of the Paris Conference met this evening. It was agreed to leave the matter to the drafting Sub-Committee to work out a formula.

U. SAW'S PARTY TO JOIN EXECUTIVE

RANGOON, Sept. 19, (API): The Myochit Party of which U. Saw is the leader, will accept office in the new Executive Council, it is believed in well informed circles, writes an Associated Press of India correspondent.

CITY HAS WHOLE DAY FREE OF RIOTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.—"For the first time in these nineteen days no incident of any kind was reported during the whole day and till 7 p.m." says a Press Note issued by the Director of Information this evening.

Minor Case Of Looting

BOMBAY, Sept. 19. (A.P.I.): "The lull which was first noticed yesterday afternoon continues more or less unbroken, except for a minor case of looting", states a press note issued by the Director of Information, Bombay.

The press note adds, "That is the only incident reported in the 24 hours ending about midday to-day. But wherever there is no man's land between two distinct localities, it is still deserted, as both sides are reluctant to cross it.

All the mills, workshops and factories are working. Buses and trams are running and a larger number of shops are open.

Home Minister In City

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, has arrived in Bombay and will stay here for four days before returning to Poona.

Mr. Morarjee Desai, Home Minister, Bombay, went through a crowded programme at the Secretariat today. He held conferences with the Secretary to Government, Home Department, and the Commissioner of Police.

He also granted interviews to a number of members of the public and heard their complaints in connection with the disturbances in the city.

REWARD FOR GUNMEN'S ARREST

The Bombay Government have today announced a reward of Rs. 5,000 to any person who gives information leading to the arrest and conviction of either of the two persons concerned in the shooting outrage at Kalbedevi on the morning of Saturday Sept. 14, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Information.

Government have also announced a reward upto Rs. 300 in each case to members of the public who apprehend and hand over to the police persons who have committed stabbing offences. Fitting rewards will also be given for giving information which will lead to the conviction of any person for offences committed in connection with the present Bombay riots or with regard to any unlawful possession of arms.

GUNMEN CAME FROM CALCUTTA

More light is being thrown on the hectic activities of the two dare-devil gunmen who terrorised the city on Saturday last.

It is understood that four days prior to the tragic events of that day, the Bombay Police received an S.O.S. from their Calcutta confreres, to look out for two men who had broken open an armoury and decamped with two Sten guns, six revolvers and 3,000 cartridges.

It is said that the description of the two men sent by the Calcutta Police showed that one of them was a military sentry and the other just an accomplice.

The Bombay Police who were also informed that the two were making for Bombay in a truck kept a careful vigil for them. Their efforts were, however, frustrated, it is said, as the wanted men never turned up in the expected truck.

As the description of these thieves, fully tallies with Saturday's gunmen, it is now deduced that they may have got into Bombay with their lethal cargo by some other means of transport, most likely, the railway.

The combing out of the entire city and its outskirts by the Bombay Police which started soon after the shooting on Saturday has not proved of much avail, but, it is expected that with more definite knowledge of their quarters, the Police have greater chances of success now.

Six Stabbing Cases And Nine Of Arson In Dacca

DACCA, Sept. 19 (API).—Six cases of stabbing were reported from different parts of the city today. One body with marks of injuries was found floating in the river. The total number of killed since the disturbances began on August 20 is 47. Nine cases of arson were reported today from various places in the city.

LOCAL TRAINS CANCELLED

Owing to the refusal of drivers and guards to run trains without armed pickets, all local trains between Dacca and Narayanganj have been cancelled yesterday. Through trains are however, running.

The Dacca Bar Association today adopted a resolution criticising the police administration in the city, which according to the meeting, "showed its incapacity to deal with the emergent situation and gave clear proof of want of sense of responsibility and impartiality."

Two Stabbing Cases In Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 19 (API).—Two cases of stabbing are reported to have occurred here yesterday, one in the evening and the other during night.

Following these two incidents a number of searches were made by the police. About forty persons including a Municipal Commissioner, were arrested.

Law-Breakers Can't Be Its Custodians

CHARGE AGAINST BENGAL PREMIER & CABINET

Echo Of August 16: People Denied Police Help

CALCUTTA, September 19, (A.P.I.): The Bengal Legislative Assembly today took up the Congress Party's motions of no-confidence in the Council of Ministers and in Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Minister-in-Charge of Law and Order. Two days have been allotted for the debate.

The Deputy Leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly, Mr. Dhirendra Nath Dutta, moved the first resolution, expressing want of confidence in the Council of Ministers, while Mr. Bimal Coomar Ghosh moved the second, expressing want of confidence in Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Minister-in-Charge of Law and Order.

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, who recently rejoined the Muslim League, entered the House while Mr. Dutta was speaking, and took his seat on the Government benches, amidst shouts of "Allah-o-Akbar" and "Muslim League Zindabad" and thumping of desks from the Ministerialist Party.

LAW AND LAW-BREAKERS

In moving his motion, Mr. Dhirendra Nath Dutta said that by the utterances of League leaders and League Ministers and by declaring the 16th of August as a public holiday for the observance of 'Direct Action Day' of the Muslim League, the Council of Ministers led Muslims to believe that they had got the power to enforce the observance of the programme by resorting to any violent means, looting, arson and murder, if necessary. With that object in view a planned arrangement was made to observe the day and a large number of regulation lathis of the same size were imported from outside. Lethal weapons were also imported.

So the point at issue was whether the League Ministry, which was wedded to the policy of breaking the law, could remain as the custodian of the lives and properties of the people. The League could not function both as breaker and preserver of the Constitution and Law. If it was the privilege of the political party to achieve its objective by breaking the Law then it was equally the privilege of the people to demand that such a party should not and could not remain as the custodian of Law.

"DIRECT ACTION DAY"

Giving an account of what happened on the 16th of August and subsequent days, Mr. Dutta said that from the early hours of the 16th of August Muslim processionists came out with lathis, daggers and other deadly weapons and asked businessmen to close their shops. On their refusal to do so, they were cruelly assaulted and their shops were looted. During the five eventful days from the 16th to the 20th, Mr. Dutta continued, thousands died, many thousands suffered injuries, many thousands lost their all, houses, goods in shops, furniture, jewellery, clothing and means of livelihood, in the presence of the police without any protest from them. Appeals for police help from all quarters of the city produced no results.

(Continued on page 4)

PUNJAB LEAGUE ON WAR PATH

Gujarat Selected For "Direct Action" Drive

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, Sept. 19

The Punjab Muslim League is on war path.

Gujarat city in the district of Gujarat, 70 miles away from the provincial capital has been selected by the Provincial League High Command to launch 'direct action' campaign. Prominent Leaguers are touring this district and enlistment of volunteers is going on. All over the Province primary elections have been postponed till further instructions from the League High Command.

All attempts to win over the Punjab Premier Malik Sir Khizr Hyat Khan Tiwana to the League fold have failed. Sardar Iftikhar Hussain, President of the Punjab Muslim League, went to Bombay and there he tried to arrange a meeting between the Punjab Premier Sir Khizr Hyat and Mr. Jinnah but after forty minutes' conversation at the Taj Mahal Hotel in Bombay it was found useless to arrange a meeting between the two.

KHIZR'S OFFER

It is learnt from well-informed quarters that the Punjab Premier made an offer to the League leader to reshuffle his Cabinet, provided the Muslim League was willing to come in. Besides this he is reported to have made the offer that he was not very keen on remaining Premier. He would help both Congress and League in forming a Coalition Cabinet if a nominee of the Unionist Muslims was taken on the Punjab Cabinet, after which he would retire from politics. The League position on this offer is stated to be that no Muslim can be taken in the Cabinet unless he joins the League, which was not acceptable to the Punjab Premier. This is not a new offer. A similar offer was made by Sir Khizr to the League before the present Coalition Ministry was announced with the knowledge of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, then Congress President, who was in Lahore during the Coalition formation talks.

LEAGUE PRESS CHANGES TONE.

League Press which had been hostile to the Punjab Premier and called him "traitor" since his fight with Mr. Jinnah has been appealing to him with considerably changd tone to join the League at the time when question of life and death of the Muslim nation was facing them.

According to close associates of the Punjab Premier, it is stated that the Premier has returned to India a stronger man.

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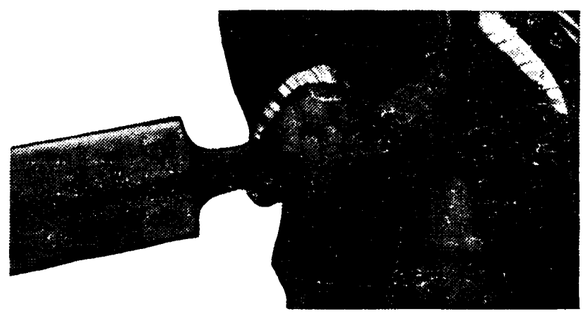
World's Greatest Cricket Story V

Prelude To Bodyline Battle...



Secrets Of Big Cricket

Bodyline or no bodyline, no body could send down a faster one than the boy from the pits—Larwood. But during the 1932 tour of Australia he excelled even himself. Nobody had ever seen bowling as fast as he used then. Experts had calculated that the ball travelled between the wickets at over 90 m.p.h. At times you could hear it whistle. He kept Bradman and the rest absolutely subdued. So writes Hammond in the present instalment of his memoirs of the Australian tour. Hammond is emphatic in his condemnation of the Bodyline. But he is equally emphatic on the subject of the barracker. The Australian likes to call a spade a spade, and Hammond gives it back to him with the shovel!

Here is the first authentic account of what went on behind the scenes up to the hair raising "Battle of Adelaide."

By Walter Hammond

When our train started from London for that 1932-33 tour, George Duckworth nearly got left behind. He was still talking thirteen to the dozen on the platform when Jack Hobbs, who was coming with us as a reporter, grabbed him by the ear and hauled him inside while the train was actually moving.

On the liner 'Orontes', we did a lot of dancing. Most famous bats are first-rate dancers, perhaps because 'footwork' is essential for both pastimes. On the boat, too, we discussed tactics for the coming Tests. We pinned our faith to the fast bowlers. In Australia, dryer air prevents anyone swerving the ball so much as it can be done here, and the ball comes off the pitch much faster. It is possible to bowl a much shorter length ball than in England.

No sooner had we landed than we were in hot water. Some pressmen approached Jardine for details of his plans for the tour, and for names of our team for the first match. Jardine gave nothing away, and withheld the names; and after that it was obvious that some of the critics meant to 'let us have it.'

Because of Bradman's enormously successful tour of England in 1930, it is said, that amounts of money which have never been equalled before or since were betted against us in that series of Tests. I prefer the English habit, where bets on cricket never exceed a bottle of beer; no doubt the feeling that they were losing money may have affected the barrackers who made that tour the only one I ever really hated; though the barrackers never made any fuss about me.

The British Express

Against "an Australian XI" at Melbourne, before the Tests, Harold Larwood showed what he could do. Frankly, I have never seen bowling so fast as he used on that tour. Experts have calculated that the ball travelled between the wickets at over 90 m.p.h. I can only say that it looked like a red bullet. At times, you could hear it whistle. He kept Bradman and the rest absolutely subdued, and one of the newspapers made a fuss about his deliveries on the leg stump. Don was suffering then, and all through that season, with bad tooth trouble, and was not up to form, though he played doggedly and well.

He was not fit enough to turn out in the first Test. We lined up full of confidence. Jardine lost the toss, but we almost welcome the chance to see what Lol could do. Right at the start, when he made the ball jump, he almost got Woodfull; a few overs later, Voce got him out with exactly the same ball. Presently, Lol got Ponsford, Fingleton and Kippax—3 for 20.

It was lovely to watch his 'carpet slipper' run up to the wicket, as smooth as if he ran on rails. Jardine handled him perfectly, resting him after short spells. No-one could hit him—the ball was at the wicket before they could move.

The Hateful Bodyline

Even on the first day, there were plenty of shouts about the packed legside field. The word bodyline had not then been invented. What IS bodyline?

The Australian newspapers dubbed it a direct attack on the batsman. I condemn bodyline; but I know that neither Jardine nor Larwood ever intended to attack anyone. They meant to force batsmen out of their ground, and then knock their sticks down. It was a calculated reply to the habit of certain Australian batsmen of ignoring almost all offside balls, and blocking all straight ones, until bowlers were tired to death.

With Larwood's fast balls, the player either had to lift the bat helplessly and probably get caught by one of the seven or eight fieldsmen on the leg side, or else flinch away. No batsman can afford to flinch. The Australian critics said that if a man touch the ball he was sure to be caught, and if he did not do so, he probably got a stunning blow on head or body. And those balls were FAST—I have several times seen a leading batsman's bat knocked out of his hand by them.

Bodyline bowling is bowling which is:

1. delivered by a speed merchant;
2. bumped so as to fly high above the wicket;
3. delivered straight at the batsman;
4. bowled with a leg field of 6 to 8 men.

Take away any one of these factors and bodyline becomes legitimate leg theory. With all four together, it constitutes an attack on the batsman that he can only avoid by (a) risking serious injury, or (b) getting out quickly. A man who has had a heavy blow on the head from the ball is never so confident again. This is well-known and proved.

Bodyline is really dangerous, and I am not ashamed to confess that I do not care to face it. I have never made any official complaint. But, like Jack Hobbs, I said that I would get out of the game if such bowling were persistently allowed. No one was killed by bodyline, but that was good luck rather than a normal average. I think lack of fatalities was largely luck.

Having said plainly what I think, I will repeat that neither Larwood nor Jardine foresaw how dangerous this thing would prove. Jardine's exceptional eye, his upright stance, long reach and height, and his abnormal fearlessness, enable him to knock bodyline about. He has done it often, and has been lucky never to get a bad knock.

Let me say, too, that though I condemn bodyline, I condemn the sort of interference and barracking we got on that tour with an equally unyielding statement. In that first Test, and much more afterwards there were attempts to divert fieldsmen's attention from the ball at critical moments, and a lot of other things best let go into the limbo of forgotten unpleasantnesses.

Lone Spectator

The last morning of that first Test was rather amusing. The game was all over bar the shouting—the last two Australians were in the night before, and the score was a tie, with England's second knock still to come. We all turned out next morning, but there was only one spectator in the enormous stands on 'The Hill.'

"YOU'LL 'NEVER' GET THEM OUT!" he shouted in a voice of thunder.

We got them out next ball, Sutcliffe and Wyatt went to the stumps, one ball was delivered and out for a single, and we had won by 10 wickets. Lol's average for the Australian second innings was 5 for 28.

Immediately after that, during the Christmas festivities, he overheard a small girl, sitting near him in a theatre, say: "Mummy, he doesn't 'look' like a murderer, does he?"

Before leaving England, the M.C.C. appointed a travelling "selection committee" to decide teams for the matches. It consisted of "Plum" Warner, Jardine and Sutcliffe. Jardine suggested that Wyatt, Ames and I should be added.

After winning the first Test, we had to pick a team for the notorious fast Melbourne wicket. We relied on fast bowling and brought in Bowes to replace Verity. But when we got to Melbourne, a miracle had happened. After an unbroken dry, hot spell, the "black marble" Melbourne wicket was very soft and loose. It looked as if Grimmet would be deadly and Larwood nowhere.

60,000 Sighed

We were in difficulties. The Australians faced worse ones. "Until the actual morning of the Test, Woodfull apparently did not know whether he was Skipper or not," and no one knew if Bradman could play because of some journalistic contracts he had signed. The public was so excited by this that 63,973 people somehow crammed into the ground, a record attendance at that time for a cricket match there.

Woodfull won the toss and they batted. We felt disheartened to some extent to be playing on a wicket famous before lunch as a "fast bowler's dream", but now very dead indeed. Lol and Voce could do nothing. Presently O'Brien was run out and Bradman came in. It looked as if some centuries were coming. Bowes ran up to the wicket and sent down a very fast ball indeed dead on the leg stump. Don then made one of the few amazing mistakes of his career—he actually tried to hook it to leg, and played on.

Have you ever heard sixty thousand people utter an involuntary yell of despair?? That "OOOH-H-H:"—followed by an absolutely dead silence, will haunt me till I die. None of us even had the presence of mind to say: "Hard luck, Don"!

All the same, we lost that Test by 111 runs. As Selectors, we got a lot of very hard criticism for including only fast bowlers. But in ninety-nine out of a hundred matches played at Melbourne in such weather, a team including Larwood, Voce, Allen and Bowes, as they were then, would have won hands down.

We were violently barracked during the second Test, and when our "Selection Committee" met to pick the team for the next, Jardine asked to stand down from the next test. The unflinching straightness and fearlessness of that request was typical of the man; for he knew perfectly well that the Australian critics would say he had been stood down in disgrace over the bodyline rumpus. What he really wanted that the rest of us should have a better reception, for he knew much of the row was directed not at Larwood but against himself.

Having told us what he felt, he walked out of the room so that we could discuss the matter without embarrassment. There was no need! We were unanimous in wanting him to lead us on to the field against all comers. In the end, he bowed to our decision. Two days before the third Test began, we were practising at the nets at the Adelaide Oval when several thousand spectators created such a scene that we had to pack up and go indoors. On the following day the public was debarred from entering the ground.

TOMORROW "THE BATTLE OF ADELAIDE"

W. I. Badminton

TWO TITLES FOR MISS CHINOY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Miss Mumtaz Chinoy won yet another single crown by prevailing over Mrs. Soman in the final of Women's Singles. As she had already won the Women's Doubles title last evening, Miss Chinoy won two events in this year's Western India Championships. It may be recalled that she conceded a walk-over in the mixed event owing to the temporary disability of her partner Mugwe.

There was seldom any doubt about the superiority of Miss Chinoy from the very beginning but some neatly executed and well placed shots won the second game for Mrs. Soman. In the third game after the loser had led in the initial stages, Miss Chinoy recovered to master her completely.

In the final of that Men's Doubles event after dropping the first game, Mugwe and Pawarnnan made such an astounding recovery as to win the next without dropping even a single point. The decider, however, was keenly contested with scores going level until the winners forced the issue at 15-13.

In the final of the mixed event Jaini covered himself with glory. It was, indeed, his brilliance which alone saved the match from deteriorating into a complete rout, for Miss Talyarkhan, persevering with the side-court combination, was hardly any match for the brilliant Shirke. In the second game Jaini and Talyarkhan enjoyed a more than useful lead, but when Shirke and partner recovered from 4-13 to draw level without dropping a point, even Jaini the great sportsman that he is could not refrain from applauding. Miss Wagle, however, struck a bad patch just then and Jaini and partner were leading 16-14 at one stage but failed to clinch the game.

Jaini's performance was, indeed, a delight to watch. He picked up the shuttle from all difficult angles and her returns were accurate and well-placed. One wonders if the result of the match might have been otherwise had the losers played with the old orthodox combination.

This win, incidentally gave Miss Wagle and Shirke their third consecutive win of the season, being still undefeated this year.

The following are the results:—

Professionals Singles (Final) Popatlal Mohanlal beat Ganpat Ramji 15-3, 15-6.

Men's Doubles (Final) Mugwe and Patwardhan beat Shirke and Bhide 5-15, 15-0, 15-13.

Women's Singles (Final) Miss Chinoy beat Mrs. Soman 11-6, 4-11, 11-6.

Mixed Doubles (Final) Miss Wagle and Shirke beat Miss Talyarkhan and Jaini 15-7, 15-14.

Groundnut Cake Flour

Not Fit For Human Consumption

BANGALORE, Sept. 19 (API): Seed cakes are not desirable as human food, unless they are suitably processed. This finding was arrived at in recent experiments conducted in the biological laboratories of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.

Following the recent food shortage, suggestions had been made from time to time that groundnut cake in the form of flour should be issued as supplementary ration. Experiments were also carried out in different parts of the country by mixing groundnut cake with atta or flour used for making bread. Experiments conducted in biochemical laboratories in the Indian Institute of Science show that although groundnut protein is naturally rich in essential constituents and the cake also contains fair quantities of B vitamins, its make-up is such that even animals cannot benefit much by the use of whole cake. In fact, if fed in liberal quantities, the cake is actually injurious and causes loss in weight. Experiments show that the use of the cake as such is undesirable.

Improved methods of scientific processing are needed to release essential food constituents and thus facilitate better utilisation in human body. Other seed cakes such as Sesame, cottonseed and cocoanut are better utilised in animal body than groundnut cake, but even they require processing before their use as Human food.

'Bombay Chronicle'

Special Issue

for

THE INDIAN FILM INDUSTRY

THE ISSUE of the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" of 25th October next, the Hindu New Year day, will be larger than usual. Its special feature will be a number of articles dealing with different aspects of the Film Industry. These articles, written as they will be by specialists on the subject, will be constructive, interesting and informative. Many of these articles will be illustrated.

Contributions and othe material intended for publication should be sent to the Editor "Bombay Chronicle".

Particulars and rates of advertisements can be had from the Advt. Dept. of the "Bombay Chronicle".

Loan! Upto—

Rs. 1,000/-

You can borrow up to Rs. 1,000/- against your signature (Without any Mortgage) at an interest of nine per cent per annum Repayable within 20 months by equal instalments.

Hundreds of persons have already been given loans throughout the country.

The special feature of this loan scheme is that the whole transaction can be completed through the medium of post.

Write for details enclosing this coupon with your self-addressed envelope.

Coupon

Dear Sir,

Please send the details of your loan scheme.

Name:

Address:

Correspondence in English only

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Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road, Post Bag No. 1035, BOMBAY, 1.

(B.C.)

ENEMY NO. 1 OF COUGH

GLYCODIN-TERP-VASAKA

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ALEMBIC DISTRIBUTORS LTD.,
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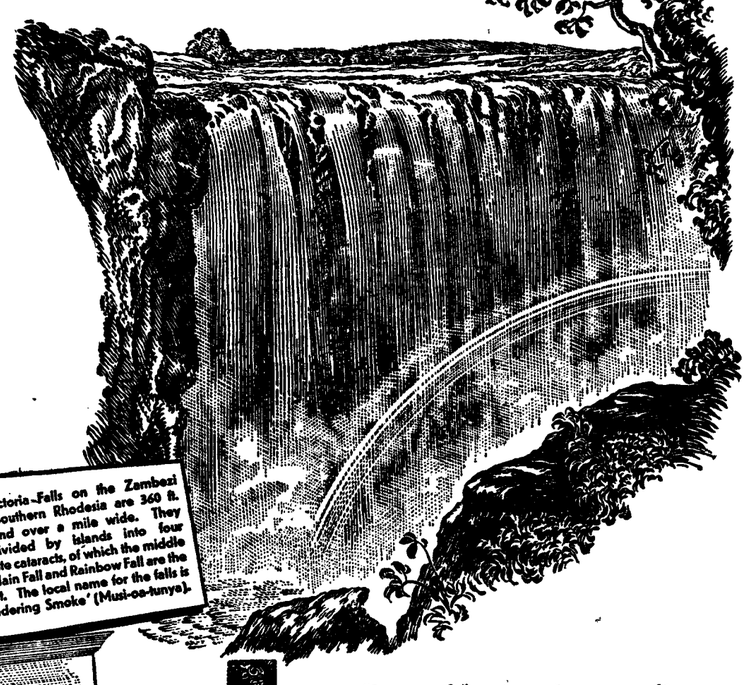
STANDING OUT *from the rest*



The Victoria-Falls on the Zambezi river, Southern Rhodesia are 360 ft. high and over a mile wide. They are divided by islands into four separate cataracts, of which the middle two, Main Fall and Rainbow Fall are the widest. The local name for the falls is 'Thundering Smoke' (Musi-oa-tunya).

Outstanding also is the quality of Wills's "Berkeley" cigarettes. If you have not done so already—try them to-day.

WILLS'S

Berkeley

CIGARETTES

5 ANNAS FOR 10 Plus local tax where in force.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS BRISTOL & LONDON 8A

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Appointed SOLE AGENTS for INDIA-BURMA-CEYLON

FOR FRANK TOKOS. CHRAST (CZECHOSLOVAKIA)

• CUT-GLASS AND FANCY-WARE •

AGENTS UNDER BRANCHES WANTED FOR CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KARACHI, RANGOON, PENANG & COLOMBO.

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LAMPS and STOVES have now clearly established their superiority over imported products. The guarantee slip is an assurance of perfection
P.D.P.7

DAZZLE PRODUCTS LIMITED

42/1, CHETLA ROAD, ALIPORE, CALCUTTA.

Bombay Agents: Messrs. R. SHANTILAL & CO 65, Kitchen Garden Road, off Mangaldas Road, Bombay 2.

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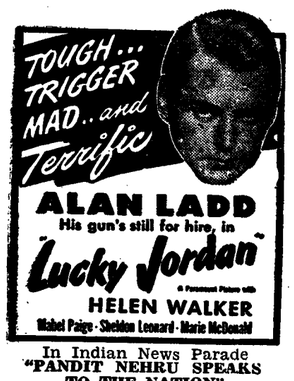
METRO
(Every Seat A Cool Retreat)
PLEASE NOTE NEW TIMINGS!
Today, Tomorrow & Sunday
At 1-30, 3-30 & 6-30 P.M.

Robert WALKER • June ALLYSON in M-G-M's KISS-HAPPY FUN-FARCE
"The Sailor Takes A Wife"
with HUME CRONYN
Audrey TOTTER
Eddie 'ROCHESTER' Anderson
Reginald Owen
AN M-G-M PICTURE

Added Attraction
"BIKINI"
"THE ATOM ISLAND"
An M.-G-M Short
Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
M-G-M's
"SON OF LASSIE"
in Technicolor

REGAL Air-cooled and Air-conditioned
Phone: 35017
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
FAST-PACED SPY THRILLER


TOUGH... TRIGGER MAD.. and Terrific
ALAN LADD
His gun's still for hire, in
"Lucky Jordan"
HELEN WALKER
Mabel Paige • Sheldon Leonard • Marie McDonald

In Indian News Parade
"PANDIT NEHRU SPEAKS TO THE NATION"
(Recorded Broadcast)
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10-30
"INCENDIARY BLONDE"
in Technicolor
BETTY HUTTON
ARTURO DE CORDOVA
BARRY FITZGERALD

NEW EMPIRE
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
DAILY CHANGE OF POPULAR HITS
To-day
"The Three Caballeros"
Walt Disney's technicolor hit
Sat. 21st
Tonight And Every Night"
technicolor: RITA HAYWORTH
Sun. 22nd
"The Princess And The Pirate"
technicolor: BOB HOPE
Mon. 23rd
'A Song To Remember'
technicolor: Muni & Oberon
Tues. 24th
"Renegades"
technicolor
Wed. 25th
"Show Business"
EDDIE CANTOR
Thurs. 26th
"THE FIGHTING GUARDSMAN"
Sunday 22nd.
Morning Show of
"THE PRINCESS & THE PIRATE"
At 10-30 a.m.

CAPITOL
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
"RIO RITA"
BUD ABBOTT, LOU COSTELLO
An old favourite
You Can't Miss!

Selznick International presents
RONALD COLMAN in
The PRISONER of ZENDA
WITH
MADELEINE CARROLL
MARY ASTOR • DAVID NIVEN
RAYMOND MASSEY • C. AUBREY SMITH
AND
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, Jr.
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
SUN. 22nd MORNING SHOW AT 10-30 A.M.

Announcing!!!
P.K AGENCIES
Appointed SOLE AGENTS for INDIA-BURMA-CEYLON
"COGEXIM" FRANCE.
FOR CYCLES, HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES TEXTILES, HOSIERY, BEAUTY PRODUCTS, FANCY JEWELLARY, HYGENE GOODS ETC.
AGENTS UNDER BRANCHES WANTED FOR CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KARACHI, RANGOON, PENANG & COLOMBO.
Head Office: Kothari Mansion Op p. G.P.O. Bombay, 1.

"Inner Cleanliness comes first for Health!"

Packed in tins in cartons. Fresh stocks everywhere.

First thing in the morning — yes, even before your bath, think of Inner Cleanliness. There's nothing so refreshing and invigorating as a glass of sparkling Andrews — nothing that will so surely give your system that deep-down, gentle yet thorough cleansing, which is so important to your health. Andrews washes away trouble-making poisons — keeps you free of constipation, headaches and other everyday ailments. This is how it does its healthful work:

FIRST . . Andrews cleans and refreshes the mouth and tongue.
NEXT . . Andrews settles the stomach and corrects acidity.
THEN . . Andrews tones up the liver and checks biliousness.
FINALLY . . To complete your inner Cleanliness, Andrews gently clears the bowels. It sweeps away trouble-making poisons, corrects Constipation, purifies and cools the blood.

ANDREWS
LIVER SALT
COOLS - REFRESHES - INVIGORATES
207

SUBHAS' PORTRAIT IN B. P. C. C. OFFICE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

For the first time in recent years, a new and costly portrait of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose has been installed in the hall of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. The portrait is done in oil colours.

It may be recalled that an order for the portrait was placed nearly four months ago.

By Public Demand
revival of
PRITHVI THEATRES'
SHAKUNTALA NATAK
TO-DAY (Friday 20th)
9-30 A. M.
DEEWAR
Sat. 21st and Sun. 22nd
at 9-30 a.m.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Plans Open: : Rates as usual

CITY LIGHT
Matunga (B. B.)
Daily: 12-30 & 3-30 p. m.
Till Curfew continues
FROM TODAY!
Most thrilling serial
TIGER WOMAN
Allen Lane, Linda Stirling
(Whole Serial in each Show)

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 10, 2002.
Muslim: Savval 23, 1365.
Parsi: Fervardin 1/, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-27 a.m., Sunset: 6-38 p.m.
Hightide: 08-10, 19-46 Lowtide: 00-52, 14-42.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

BHANSALI: Bai Kesarbai Widow of late Mr. Chabildas Lalubhai died at Jalnagar on Wednesday 18th September 1946. Uthamana ceremony will take place at her Borivli Bungalow, situate at Babai Road, Borivli at 3 p.m. on Friday 20th September 1946.

Today's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURORS

Common and Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Jehangir Wadia Bldg. Flora Fountain: Study Class on "Cycles" at 6 p.m. today.

SECURITY ORDER ON "AGE KADAM" CANCELLED: Security order that was served on the weekly 'Age Kadam' edited by Sjt. Chandrayadan Shukla has now been cancelled by the Government of Bombay. The weekly was served with the order in 1939 and had suspended its publication by way of protest.

Strike In Matunga

The Ass. Secretary, G.I.P. Railwaymen's Union (Matunga Branch) writes: About 400 men from the E. B. shop of the G.I.P. Rly., Matunga, are on peaceful strike since the 17th. Inc. their grievances were put forward in writing on 1st. Feb. Inspite of a deputation meeting the Chief Elec. Engineer on 3rd, May, their demands were not met with.

T. U. Leaders Must Be Consulted

Mr. M. A. Khan, Vice-President of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, Bombay, writes:—

"In response to appeal made by Mr. V. V. Giri, Labour Minister, Madras, to have a uniform labour legislation equally applicable to all the Provinces, and in this connection calling the meeting of the Provincial Ministers of Labour at Delhi, I, with 25 years' experience of Labour Movement in this country, urge upon Mr. Giri to have consultations with the Provincial Presidents and Secretaries of the two Trade Union Organisations of the country, viz., Indian Federation of Labour and Trade Union Congress, and the Ministers should be accompanied by these Labour representatives as their advisers to attend the Conference as is being convened by Mr. V. V. Giri. This will bring in an accepted form of legislation not to be countenanced at any later stage by any Trade Union leader in this country. I am not in favour of militant trade unionism as preached by the Communists but at the same time I do not want to surrender the independent right of the Trade Union movement to work for its own, and therefore any legislation that will be contemplated by Mr. Giri and the Labour Ministers should be made in consultation with the Labour leaders of the country. It is hoped Mr. Giri will give full consideration to this proposal.

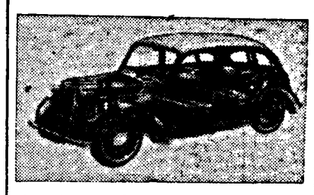
TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Keep Fit 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 S. G. Mohiuddin (Sitar) 8.45 Rangnath Jadhav and Party 9.0 Jamila Bai (Lucknow) (Vocal) 9.20 Khayal 'Saudh-Sarang' 12.0 Mahila Mandal (G) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Halke Phulke Gane 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 School Broadcasts 5.0 S. G. Mohiuddin (Sitar) 5.15 Jantar Mantar (H) 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Local 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Pakke Gane 6.30 N. R. Bhatkacharya 7.0 Master Gordhan 7.15 S. G. Mohiuddin (Sitar) 7.30 Avadabai Sangekar 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 University shikshan: (Talk in Gujarati by C. M. Trivedi) 8.45 Recitations from works of Dard (by Shamsh Azimabadi) 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 World Affairs 10.0 Rangnath Jadhav and Party 10.15 Avadabai Sangekar 10.35 Jamila Bai (Vocal).

1946 VAUXHALL

The new Vauxhall 10, 12 & 14 H.P. models are based on the proved design of the immediate prewar models and have many improvements and refinements of detail. The chassis and body are designed and built as an integral all-steel unit which not only



gives increased strength but saves weight, with resultant benefits in acceleration, top-gear performance and petrol economy.

The outstanding feature of the new Vauxhall models is the unusual combination of performance with economy. Partly, this is due to the excellent power-to-weight ratio made possible by the Vauxhall's weight-saving integral construction. But there are other features: the modern overhead valve engine design, efficient temperature control by two thermostats and, in particular, Vauxhall six-phase carburetion.

Every Vauxhall has independent front wheel springing. The wheels are no longer connected by a solid front axle; they are free to rise and fall independently of one another. The Vauxhall torsion bar system of independent springing evens out bumps and potholes, and automatically builds up a rapidly increasing resistance to roll when cornering.

Braking is hydraulic. The brakes are smooth and powerful and operate with light pedal pressure (the latter an important point for lady drivers). Brake adjustment is simplicity itself—just a matter of turning a ratchet with a screwdriver.

The full-width front seat is exceptionally easy to adjust. The mechanism is spring loaded and, when the driver lifts a simple catch, the seat with occupants moves forward automatically.

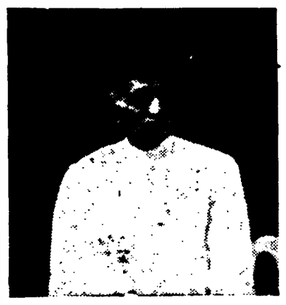
DR. HORMASJI M. MASINA DEAD

One Of City's Oldest Surgeons Passes At Ripe Age

BOMBAY, Thursday.

We regret to announce the death of Dr. Hormasji Maneckji Masina, which occurred at his residence at Byculla in the early hours of this morning. Dr. Masina was a renowned surgeon of the old order and a specialist in gynaecology. He was also the founder of the Masina Hospital, and was supposed to be the first Indian to get the F. R. C. S. of the London University. The deceased was 83 years old at the time of his death. He was born in 1863 of a middle-class Parsi family.

Having love for the medical line he joined the Grant Medical College, and passed the examinations with distinctions. In 1889 he was appointed



DR. H. M. MASINA

honorary surgeon of the J. J. Hospital by the Government.

He was also appointed a lecturer in surgery in the Grant Medical College.

In 1902 Dr. Masina founded a hospital with which his name has remained associated to this day.

The new hospital founded in 1902 was situated in some modest premises at Clare Road, Byculla, and one of the main aims of its founder was to give an opportunity to medical graduates to acquire practical training in surgery. At first only Parsi patients were treated, but, later, arrangements for the treatment of non-Parsi patients were also made. Dr. Masina was the soul of this new hospital which gradually grew into prominence, due mainly to his efficiency as a surgeon. The hospital, however, was a financial failure as many of its patients were to be treated free. Public spirited and charitably-inclined donors, however, came forward to help a right cause. As a result a fund of over Rs. three lakhs was collected out of which the present premises of the Hospital were erected in 1911.

Dr. Masina leaves behind him two sons and a daughter, all belonging to the medical profession.

According to the wish of the late doctor his corpse is removed to Mahableshwar where he will be buried by the side of his late wife.

Gandhi Jayanti Exhibition Postponed

BOMBAY, Sept. 19, (API): The All-India Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition organised by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for the Gandhi Jayanti Week has been postponed in view of the disturbances in the city. It is proposed to hold the exhibition during the next National Week.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till Saturday morning:—Light to moderate rain will occur locally in the north Konkanpatti, very light rain may also occur at a few places in the south Konkanpatti, coastal and southern districts of Gujarat and adjoining parts of north Bombay Deccan. Weather will be dry in Kathiawar, north Gujarat, Hyderabad and rest of the Bombay Deccan.

Outlook for further 2 days:—Monsoon will continue to be weak.

VENO'S
is Good
VERY GOOD
for that

Directly you begin to Cough! Cough!! COUGH!!! start taking VENO'S. Its Lightning action stops coughing, checks tickling in the throat, and allays soreness in the chest. VENO'S is recognized as the dependable way of dealing with Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Children's Coughs etc.

The Recognised dependable Way
VENO'S Lightning Cough Cure
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CITZENS' PART IN AUGUST FIGHT

B. P. C. C. Committee To Report To Delhi A. I. C. C.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A five-man committee has been set up by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to prepare a full and comprehensive report about the part played by the citizens of Bombay in the 1942 struggle.

The report will be submitted to the forthcoming Delhi meeting of the All-India Congress Committee and the Committee expect to get to grips with the task immediately.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19 (API): Lt.-Gen. Sir Ivan Mackay, High Commissioner for Australia in India, met Hon. Sir Shaffaat Ahmed Khan, Member for Health at the Secretariat this morning.

MESSRS DANDEKAR & CO., BOMBAY 28.
LTS. 249

LTS. 142-111-46
LEVER BROTHERS (India) Limited

AN IDEAL TREATMENT FOR 44 TROUBLES, SUCH AS THESE!...

Why T.C.P. has so many uses

WHEN you use T.C.P. on a cut, a burn, or a skin outbreak, you are bringing to your aid much more than just an antiseptic action. For T.C.P. is an antiseptic which has all the extra *curative* properties needed for the successful treatment of no less than 44 everyday ailments, hurts and skin troubles.

This is what T.C.P. does. It swiftly reaches and destroys the germs that cause disease. It relieves pain or skin irritation almost at once. It soon reduces swelling and inflammation. It actually stimulates clean, rapid healing. And because it is really *safe* and beneficial, you can use T.C.P. on the most delicate tissues—and even take it internally.

Wouldn't you, too, find a bottle of T.C.P. a real health safeguard in your home? There are full directions with each bottle, and most Chemists and Stores stock T.C.P. to-day.

T.C.P
THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC WITH EXTRA CURATIVE PROPERTIES
H/45/6

for RENEWED VIGOUR...
VIVINA
THE IDEAL TONIC
CALCUTTA CHEMICAL

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept. 19, (A. P. I.): The following is the weather-chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1s. June 1946, and departure from the normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on Thursday:—

Allahabad 92 78 T 49.4 plus 1.3, Baroda 91 75 0 39.6 —, BOMBAY 86 74 0.6 71.0 plus 6.0, Calcutta 91 76 0.3 — —, Cawnpore 92 78 0 20.3 minus 9.9, Delhi 92 74 0 24.4 plus 3, Hyderabad (Dn) 88 67 0 15.6 minus 4.7, Karachi 86 80 0 3.8 minus 2.1, Lahore 96 76 0 14.1 minus 0.1, Lucknow nil, Mysore 84 63 0.1 11.9 plus 0.6, Nagpur 88 71 0 44.7 plus 4.2, Patna 91 73 T — —, Poona 82 69 T 20.6 plus 3.0, Surat 87 75 0 59.5 plus 21.5.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Endeavour to be patient in bearing with defects and infirmities in others, of what kind soever; because thou also hast many things which others must bear with.

—Thomas A. Kempis.

The Bombay Chronicle

INDIA AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE CONFERENCE

Defining the interim Government's trade policy, Mr. C. H Bnabha, Commerce Member, has enunciated some general principles the most important of which are, briefly, that India must take a full part in all international conferences and develop close contacts with other countries, that India's representatives will press the claims of industrially less advanced countries, and that Government will encourage exports and control imports through tariffs and otherwise. The main recommendations of the Trade and Tariffs Sub-committee of the Consultative Committee of Economists on the American proposals for expansion of world trade and employment are also in accord with these general principles. The economists, for instance, recommend that "it will not be in India's long term interest to miss the opportunity of placing her point of view before a world conference both on behalf of herself and in the interest of other countries similarly situated". The economists' advice thus appears to contradict the suggestion made to Government by the committee of Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry some time ago. The committee of the Federation had expressed an opinion that unless the basis of the American proposals was materially altered to meet the requirements of economically under-developed countries, it would not be in the interest of India and other countries similarly placed to participate in any international conference to discuss them. The contradiction is, however, more apparent than real and it has been contributed to by some more recent developments. For one thing the representation of the Federation committee evoked a defensive and reassuring response from the American representative in India, who tried to elaborate the original proposals by a statement that though no specific mention had been made in the proposals themselves, the special interests of industrially undeveloped countries would be safeguarded by appropriate modifications. Secondly, the Social and Economic Council of the U.N.O. had issued a directive to the preparatory committee of the Conference to make proposals which would take into account the special needs of industrial progress felt by hitherto undeveloped countries. Even, apart from these favourable developments, the fact that we now have a Government which will not accede to any international arrangements of the utility and justification of which it is not thoroughly assured, ought to remove our earlier hesitation. We are hopeful that even the committee of the Federation will, in the altered circumstances, agree that the recommendation of the economists' sub-committee that we should put our viewpoint before the conference is more suited both to our national interests and to our international obligations.

The economists are not unmindful of the major defects of the American proposals. The whole context in which the proposals are framed is that of advanced industrial countries like U.S.A. and U.K., on the one hand, and the European countries which have indulged in extreme forms of economic nationalism, on the other. Countries like India, which have not hitherto experienced even a modicum of intensive industrialisation and national economic policy, are really out of the picture as drawn in the proposals. The economists have rightly stressed this point when they say that a reduction of tariffs can have little relevance to our situation as we have been on a severe ration in respect of tariffs in the past. Reduction is not only appropriate but imperative in the case of countries like U.S.A, which, having built up highly efficient industries behind tariff walls, have now to adjust their position to their new status of creditor and exporting countries. This, indeed, does not mean that the maximum possible freedom in international trade is not our objective. In respect of our sterling balances we also have an important creditor interest and we are looking forward to developing a sizeable export trade at least among our neighbouring countries in the east. Our special interest consists not so much in having no international arrangements, but in having freedom to adjust the maximum possible freedom with the needs of our own development in the matter of production, employment and trade. In another very important respect the American proposals, which to a large extent are really Anglo-American proposals, unmistakably reveal the purely 'Big Country' bias of the scheme. The part of the Atlantic Charter to which the present proposals are a sequel reads: "They (U.S.A. and U.K.) will endeavour, with due respect for their existing obligations, to further enjoyment by all States, great or small, victor or vanquished, of access on equal terms to the trade and to the raw materials of the world which are needed for their economic prosperity". Thus, while safeguarding the essential framework of their own existing commercial policies the two big countries are seeking free access to what at their present stage of economic development are the needed instruments of further progress, namely, raw materials and markets. India has yet to develop an integrated policy structure and it must have the same freedom to develop it as the two big countries want "in respect of their existing obligations". As regards access to raw materials and markets, while our interest in these is not negligible, the real need for us is to have capital and technical skill. If the Atlantic Charter were to be rewritten by all the nations of the world, free access not only to markets and raw materials but also to capital and skills will have to be adopted as an objective of international action. The economists' sub-committee rightly and especially on U.S.A., by actively helping the access of India and similarly situated countries to the capital and skills that can be provided by them. We can and ought to use the forum supplied by the Conference to urge these modifications and any others that after expert inquiry are found to be essential. Those of our producers and traders who, by first hand experience, have knowledge of the circumstances in which special protection and precautions would be needed, will now do well to convey detailed suggestions to their own representative organisations and to government.

Frankly Speaking

Uneasy Compromise

A sort of uneasy compromise has been attained as a result of the Truman-Wallace meeting. A check has been put on further deterioration of the situation created by Mr. Wallace's outspoken criticism of American foreign policy, although unofficial controversy that has been let loose cannot be stopped. But the present state of suspended animation cannot restore the "prestige" of the American Government abroad or at home. How Mr. Wallace's denunciation of the present foreign policy of his colleagues will affect the party situation in the United States is, of course primarily an American concern. But the American controversy is of international importance in that it emphasizes the serious 'malaise' from which Big Power relations are suffering and which may eventually lead to a world disaster. It is true that the Americans have first to set their house in order in respect of foreign policy. But that alone will not help the world.

The Fundamental Trouble

Fundamentally the whole trouble is an affair of power politics in which all the Powers are involved and which can only be ended if the Big Three effect a radical re-orientation in their sense of respective interests, in their policies and in their approach to each other. This cannot be achieved soon or easily. But even for a beginning frank and full discussions and agreement are necessary at the highest level. If the Paris Conference proves anything, it proves the necessity of a "Big Three" meeting. Incidentally, as to the details of Mr. Wallace's letter and speech, there is just one minor point that we should like to note here. He may be right about British imperialist strategy, about American warlike policies and about the genuineness of Russian fears and suspicions. But he has displayed a significant weakness in one particular matter. He favours, of course the Soviet demands regarding the Dardanelles. If he had taken the trouble to look at a map and then put himself in the place of a Turk he would have realised how different the Dardanelles are from other apparently similar waterways. But even apart from that his citation of British and American concern for Suez and Panama, for instance, is morally inappropriate. A wrong cannot be justified by another wrong. Moreover, it is very significant that Mr. Henry Wallace seeks to prove a Russian right to the Dardanelles by virtually accepting an American right to the Panama Canal. He does not dream of questioning that right of his country, does not even dream of allowing others a share in its control. There are many forms of Imperialism and power politics. And Mr. Wallace himself is not free from all of them.

Dr. Jonkman Explains

If anything, the elucidation by Dr. Jonkman, the Netherlands Minister for Overseas, renders a Dutch-Indonesian settlement more difficult. There are already some 40 to 50 thousand Dutch troops in Indonesia. Another and fully equipped division of 20,000 men will be in the country within two months. What is this increasing concentration for if not to crush the Indonesians in due course? Dr. Jonkman denies it. He even offers what he thinks is conclusive proof of good and friendly Dutch sentiments. He quite naively cites the name that has been given to the new division of 20,000. It is in fact, "Seventh December Division" to commemorate Queen Wilhelmina's historic announcement of December 7, 1942, which "transformed" the Empire.

Intention Exposed

What's in a name? The fully equipped division would be as effective at the proper time if called by any other date and month and year. Moreover, the present name itself gives the intention away. As Dr. Jonkman says, the 1942 announcement means "Holland's decision to transform the Dutch Empire into a federation of four States of which Indonesia is intended to be one." Indonesia under that announcement is to be a unit, a political and economic appandage, of Holland. It is a status which Indonesia has rightly rejected. Dr. Jonkman goes further. The Commission-General, which is to negotiate with the Indonesian leaders and which was supposed to have the authority virtually of a Cabinet Mission is now stated to have the role of "an Ambassador" which does not detract from ministerial authority. The Indonesians would be justified, by reason of Dr. Jonkman's latest statement, to suspect that all that Dutch Imperialists are working for is to delay a settlement until Dutch military strength becomes adequate for the purpose of fighting Indonesian freedom forces.

Starvation Deaths

The step taken by the Madras Government in issuing instructions to district collectors and local bodies in the province to take adequate measures to prevent deaths by starvation for lack of food deserves to be copied by all other provincial governments in this country, if they have not already done so. The local authorities everywhere, whether governmental or public, should be given to understand that they should deem it to be their special and unshirkable responsibility to see that no person, however humble his condition, is left to starve to death for lack of food. If the case of such starvation is brought to the knowledge of the authority concerned. There is, unfortunately, so much apathy in this poverty and ignorance ridden land, not only among the members of the public but also among persons in authority, towards the plight of the destitutes on the brink of starvation or even of those actually dying through starvation that it is necessary that steps should be taken to rouse at least those in authority, who are in a position to render timely help, to a sense of their corporate responsibility towards the destitute and the helpless in society. The provincial Governments should call for reports wherever deaths from starvation occur and ascertain from the authorities concerned whether any steps were taken by them to prevent such deaths.

A Shining Example

The death of Dr. H. M. Masina removes from the ranks of the medical fraternity in the city a veteran whose name, because of its association with the hospital he founded and conducted so efficiently, had long become a household word among the citizens. The Masina hospital, not only because it was a pioneer concern, but even more truly because of its constant endeavour to keep abreast of the times and the extreme efficiency of its service had become a model to all privately conducted hospitals and clinics. Dr. Masina remained to the end of his career a doyen of the profession, earning the admiration and affection of both the senior and junior members of the medical fraternity. He leaves behind him a shining example of single-minded devotion to the noble cause of bringing relief to suffering humanity.

CORPORATION'S TRIBUTE TO N. V. MODAK

Acting Commissioner To Become Special Engineer For Post-War Development

BOMBAY, Thursday.—Glowing tributes were paid this evening at the Municipal Corporation by a number of speakers to the administrative abilities of Mr. N. V. Modak, who during the last four months acted as the Municipal Commissioner and now is handing over the charge of that office to become Special Engineer to the Bombay Municipality. The Mayor, Mr. M. M. Rowjee presided.

The Mayor extolling Mr. Modak's services observed that this was the last meeting of the Corporation at which Mr. Modak was present as the Acting Municipal Commissioner. He remarked that Mr. Modak had performed his "onerous duties very efficiently and to the entire satisfaction of the House and the City.

"We will be losing his services as Municipal Commissioner but we hope to have him in the Corporation as a Special Engineer for Post-War Scheme in the immediate future."

Mr. Rowjee bidding Mr. Modak farewell wished him success in his future career.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that it would not be an exaggeration to say that Mr. Modak during these four months had become a part and parcel of the Corporation and that it was impossible to think of the Corporation without him.

Mr. M. V. Dhonde remarked that Mr Modak had got an international reputation in matters of reconstruction and as an administrator had proved far superior to officers of the I.C.S

Among others who joined in the chorus of high-termed tributes were Messrs. Mohanlal M. Desai, Gokaldas Murarjee, Shivdas Champsey N. C. Bharucha G. R. A. Shaikh, M. N. Talpade, A. P. Sabhawala, K. H. Goregaoker, J. A. Colaco, B. N. Rathod and M. O. E. Patel.

Mr. Modak replying to the tributes sought the co-operation and sympathy of the Corporation in his work as a Special Engineer.

The House was then adjourned to Monday.

ECHO OF THAKURDWAR FIRE

Earlier there was an echo in the Corporation of the fire which broke out at Thakurdwar on 12th May last taking a toll of five deaths and eight injured when Mr. B. A. Dalal moved a resolution to amend the Schedule of Licenses so as to make such incidents impossible in future.

Mr. Dalal moved that the attention of the Commissioner be drawn to the disastrous fire which took place in a building on Thakurdwar Road on 12th May 1946 and he be requested to consider the desirability of making an intensive investigation into the cause of the fire and to report whether the factory premises in which the fire originated with explosions was licensed, if so the articles and the quantity for which the licence was granted and whether the necessary fire-proof precautions were taken for storing inflammable and combustible articles in the premises located in the midst of residential buildings and further to report the action proposed to be taken to prevent recurrence of such fires in future.

Mr. Dalal said two disastrous fires had taken place in the last two years in the city, one at Paramount Pictures at Ballard Estate and another at Kambekar Street. In both these fires several persons lost their lives and when the matter was brought to the notice of the municipal authorities, an assurance was given that strict measures would be adopted to make such incidents impossible Mr Dalal regretted the fire at Thakurdwar resulted in the deaths of five persons and injuries to eight. This required a departmental enquiry at least. Not one or two, but half a dozen combustible articles were allowed to be stored in the building although it was surrounded by thickly populated buildings. When the fire broke out in the afternoon, people were taking rest being Sunday and suddenly they were enveloped in deathly flames. He, therefore, suggested that the Schedule of Licenses should be so amended that combustible articles may not be allowed to be stored in residential buildings.

Mr. Mohanlal N. Desai seconded the resolution and wanted to know who was responsible in the Licensing Department for granting licenses for so many combustible articles

Mr. K. H. Goregaokar moved an amendment to refer the matter to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee which was agreed to.

Mr. B. A. Dalal then moved another resolution to recommend to the authorities of the Bombay Telephone System to provide a number index in the next issue of the directory. This resolution was carried.

Salt Tax To Go

Sir,—When our national leaders joined the Interim Government on 2nd September we heartily wished to celebrate the day as one of great rejoicing. But as the Muslim League decided to observe the day as one of mourning and protest we refrained from giving vent to our joy.

Now the salt tax is to be shortly abolished. The Satyagrah Movement of 1930-31 for the repeal of the salt tax is the brightest chapter in the history of our freedom movement. Mahatma Gandhi's 'Dandi March' is of historic importance, and the awakening it brought among the masses, men, women and children has still remained unsurpassed. Besides, there was no Hindu-Muslim tension then.

So the day on which the salt tax is abolished should be the fitting occasion for all of us, Hindus and Muslims rich and poor to rejoice and celebrate. Even the illiterate and backward Adivasis will know that it is an advent of Swaraj.

UTTAMLAL D. MEHTA

VAPI, Sept 10.

Oriental Translator's Assistant

Sir,—A week hence the first Assistant to the O.T. will be retiring. I learn on good authority that the O.T. has recommended or is recommending to Government in the Home Department that the present Senior Gujarati Translator be appointed to that post as 2nd Assistant. If Government really wants that the O.T.'s Office should consist of literary giants and men of solid worth as in days of yore, the best—or rather the surest way of filling this permanent vacancy is that it should be first advertised and then the best available man be appointed to it either through the Public Service Commission or by the Home Secretary himself after some test, both oral and written, as was done while filling the important post of the Supervisor, English Branch, some months back. The O T should know that this is not a family affair and hence my suggestion in the best interests of public service.

FAIRPLAY

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

Food Talks Break Down

Hitch Over Indo-Argentina Barter Plans

BUENOS AIRES Sept. 19 (Reuter): The trade negotiations between India and Argentina, which had been progressing most favourably, have taken a sudden turn for the worse and have virtually broken down, says "Reuter" from Buenos Aires.

Dewan Chamanlal, leader of the Indian Trade Mission, which has been negotiating with the Argentine Government, had expected to leave with his party by plane last night for New York on his way to Montreal, but was compelled to cancel his departure 75 minutes before the plane took off.

Pending a settlement of the difficulties which cropped up less than four hours before the plane was due to depart, the Argentine Government is refusing export permits for the balance of 300 000 tons of maize purchased by the Indian Government. One hundred and forty thousand tons have already been shipped. Thus, the embargo applies to the balance of 160,000 tons.

Dewan Chamanlal said that he preferred "not to wash dirty linen in public", but indicated that last minute difficulties arose from new Argentine demands in connection with terms under which India would supply jute and hessians in exchange for Argentine grains.

Dewan Chamanlal added "my country had to pay five times pre-war price for maize purchased from Argentine in order that the starving people of India may live whereas the price of jute—due to wise controls imposed by the Government of India—has been maintained at about twice the pre-war level. In the hour of our need we expect every friendly nation to do all in its power to help my country to tide over its difficult food situation. The United States, Canada, Indonesia, Brazil, Siam, have all done and are doing their best for my country without expecting anything in return. 'I am grateful to the people of Argentina for what has so far been done, but I am hoping that my decision to postpone departure will call forth a grand gesture from Argentina."

Dewan Chamanlal's decision to postpone departure from Buenos Aires will prevent his representing India at the International Labour Organisation Conference.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

THE HAGUE, Sept. 18 (Reuter): The Dutch did not intend anything like a colonial war by despatching to Indonesia within next two months of some 28,000 troops forming the first fully equipped division of Holland's post-war army, said U. A. Jonkman, the Netherlands Minister for overseas territories, in an interview today.

The division's name was a clear proof to that, he added.

★ ★ ★

The Anglo-Argentine Agreement is suggested as a warning to India that it must not expect more than half per cent interest on its sterling balances

We would gladly forgo even that half per cent as an insurance premium for the sterling balances

★ ★ ★

A communique announces that the Governor-General has decided to extend the life of the existing Council of State for a further period of one year from November 1, 1946.

We don't mind. The Hon'ble Eidus do not matter now.

★ ★ ★

The appointment of the first British High Commissioner to India was officially announced tonight, reports Reuter from London.

It is, of course, not yet known whether he will have an Information Bureau, too, under Sir Frederick Puckle to be "borrowed" along with his lieutenants. But it won't to be a bad idea. They are entitled to it And they know India.

★ ★ ★

Sir C. P Ramaswamy Iyer is credited with the intention of demanding a larger representation of States in the Constituent Assembly than the State Paper's 93.

We agree Apart from the fact that the 500 States are entitled to at least 250 "representatives", His Highness of Cochin has by his subversive defection—yes quite.

★ ★ ★

Personally we sympathise with Premier H. S. Suhrawardy of Bengal. His explanation has convinced us that the terms of the no-confidence motion in the Bengal Legislative Council didn't apply.

But we are not sure—it's a strange world you know—that the Premier was not himself advocating an amendment to the effect that the no-confidence motion should be based on his inability to control the police.

★ ★ ★

We read a Karachi report that several District Magistrates having reported that they have lost the original electoral rolls and want time for preparation of new ones, the Assembly elections, fixed for November are likely to be postponed for a month.

Even if several District Magistrates had not "lost" the rolls, the elections should have been postponed. Had not Syed asked the Governor to hold them early?

★ ★ ★

An agreement is reported between President Truman and Mr. Henry Wallace, whereunder the latter is not to speak on foreign policy during the present conference of the Big Four Foreign Ministers.

This is an instance of the brilliant method of achieving a satisfactory solution through animated deadlock.

★ ★ ★

U. S. Must Expand To Stop Russia Doing So

—Headline.

And Russia must expand to stop U. S. doing so.

Let us pray for those who will be crushed between the two expansions.

Law-breakers Can't Be Its Custodians

(Continued from Page 1)

The police who were responsible for such a carnage unexampled in Indian history were still there, and were busy in making discriminatory arrests between the Hindus and Muslims.

Continuing, Mr. Dutta said that the main issue arising from his motion was not whether the Muslims or the Hindus were aggressive. It was whether the Government had failed in its primary duty of maintaining law and order in the city and protecting the lives and properties of the people. Here it could not but be admitted on all hands that they failed in their primary duty and the Council of Ministers were responsible for all the murders, loot and arson and should be tried in an open and impartial court.

PLAGUE SPOT

Referring to Eastern Bengal, Mr. Dutta said that the condition there was such that the Hindus were living in a state of insecurity and their lives had become intolerable. The Ministers and the League leaders by their indiscriminate utterances—and conduct had led the permanent Muslim Officers to believe that they were Muslim Leaguers first, and consequently their performance of duties was influenced by communalism. At Chandpur, Muslim processionists on "Direct Action Day" hoisted the League Flag on the Civil Court building, looted Hindu shops on both sides of the Dakai Khal, set fire to their houses, assaulted the Hindus, and stopped a train and forced the passengers out. No attempt was made by the police to protect the lives and properties of the Hindu population. The disturbances also spread into the rural areas. Train dacoities and robberies attended with murder were common occurrences on the Bengal-Assam Railway between Kishoreganj and Mymensingh Districts and Aknaura in Tippera District. Dacca was a plague spot in the province. Disturbances there began on the 20th of August and had continued upto this day. There was a complaint of discrimination in imposing collective fines on Hindus

Asserting that the incidents of the city of Calcutta and the happenings in Eastern Bengal were due to the failure of the police and the Executive Officers to do their primary duty of maintaining law and order, Mr. Dutta said that the Council of Ministers could not escape responsibility and they, therefore, stood condemned.

CALCUTTA OFFERED AS RANSOM TO HOOLIGANS

In moving his motion of no-confidence in Mr H. S. Suhrawardy, Mr. Bimal Coomar Ghosh said that his party (Congress), after anxious consideration of the recent revolting happenings in Calcutta, had arrived at the inescapable conclusion, that public confidence could never be fully revived, nor peace, order and tranquility adequately assured, if law and order continued to be the responsibility of a Minister under whose regime the machinery for its administration had either broken down or had been rendered innocuous for four fateful days, during which period the city of Calcutta was offered as ransom to lawless elements to indulge in mass orgies of murder, arson and rapine.

The main points in the charge-sheet against the Chief Minister were:

(1) That he had failed to arrange for necessary precautionary measures to avert conflicts on August 16;

(2) That he had miserably failed in his elementary duty in protecting the life and property of the law-abiding citizen; and

(3) Public confidence would not be fully revived if he continued to be in charge of law and order.

POLICE AID DENIED

It was the experience of everybody, irrespective of creed or community, particularly on the 16th, that police assistance and protection to law-abiding citizens was completely denied or refused. The Chief Minister on his own admission had spent long hours in the Control Room at Police Headquarters but he had said he was merely watching the situation and not interfering in any way with the Police Commissioner's activities. If that was so, he should explain why at all he spent long hours in the Control Room, and also, whether in view of his persona l knowledge of the developing situation, he did not consider it his duty to issue instructions to the Commissioner of Police for the maintenance of Law and Order.

Finally, the Speaker said that if Mr. Suhrawardy continued in his present Office, business and industry in Calcutta which had been affected in the recent riots, would not come back to their former pre-eminent position and this would cause untold economic distress to Hindus and Muslims alike.

Concluding, the mover said that a Minister in charge of Law and Order who failed in the discharge of his elementary duties to protect the life and property of the common citizen could not continue with impunity in his Office but must pay the inevitable penalty.

LEAGUE DEFENCE

Opposing the motions, Mr. Abul Hashim, Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League, expressed surprise that the Opposition should have come out with a motion of no-confidence instead of a motion of confidence in Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy. From what he had heard and seen it was his conviction that what happened in Calcutta did happen, not due to Mr. Suhrawardy or his Ministry, but in spite of them. During those days Mr. Suhrawardy rose to the height of his genuine honesty, integrity and sense of justice and efficiency. All the time he was moving in the streets of Calcutta day and night, he saw his comrades and friends falling one by one, but he never lost his sense of justice as the Chief Minister of the Province. There would be no greater perversion of truth than to say that his allegiance to the Muslim League made him unbalanced. It was true that on the 16th and the 17th of August the Calcutta police could not cope with the situation. But who could deny the fact, Mr. Hashim asked, that Mr. Suhrawardy at the earliest opportunity called upon the army to take charge of the city? But the army did not turn up quickly and under the Government of India Act, the Chief Minister had no control over them.

CABINET MISSION BLAMED

Giving a background of the Calcutta riot, Mr. Hashim said that Sir Stafford Cripps and his colleagues in the Cabinet Mission had outwitted leaders of both the Congress and the Muslim League. They came to India to do some politics And they had succeeded in it. The Calcutta carnage was its beginning. He held the Cabinet Mission and the Viceroy's determination to have the Interim Government, with the co-operation of the Congress, by-passing the League, responsible for creating the conditions which led to the Calcutta riot. The Congress, at the tag end of their struggle, though, that they had got what they wanted in the Interim Government.

That was why, Mr Hashim continued, immediately after the Bombay resolution of the Muslim League, Sardar Patel had declared that "direct action" was not against the British but, against, the Hindus, that British Imperialism was no more, that they were in possession of India, and they were the head of a Sovereign State. By the utterances of Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru an impression had been created in the minds of the Hindus that they had got what they wanted, and the happenings in Calcutta were a direct result of that

Concluding, Mr. Hashim appealed to the Hindus in all seriousness not to be "victims of British machinations," but to realise that the time had come when they should rise to the occasion and settle their differences. Public calamities were levellers and he hoped that Hindus and Muslims would make a joint effort in driving away the third party from India.

Mr. Iswardas Jalan (Congress) said that, during the eventful days of the riots, citizens of Calcutta could not have any help either from the police or from the Government They had to protect their lives and properties unaided.

"THE HINDU PRESS"

In opposing the motions, Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, Minister for Commerce and Industries, referred to alleged inflammatory writings in a certain section of the Hindu Press. He criticised Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's press statement on the question of Congress entering into the Interim Government, which according to him, tended to inflame passions and create the feeling in the minds of Hindus that Hindu Raj had been established. Mr. Ahmed said that he himself was in the Congress for over 25 years. It was only when he realised that they wanted to establish Hindu Raj in India that he joined the Muslim League.

As regards their duties during the Calcutta riot, he said that the Ministry did its best to maintain peace in the city. He met the Leader of the Opposition during the riot and addressed people in different places But the Hindu leaders, he complained, did not at first turn up to tour the city. He appealed to the Hindus and Muslims to unite together and shape their own destiny.

PLEA FOR COALITION

Mr C. D. Wilks (Anglo-Indian) said that there was failure on the part of Government to maintain law and order during the four days of the rioting Breakdown of the machinery of law and order was evident to the man-in-the-street and the military was called too late. He pleaded for a Coalition Ministry in Bengal, which would include representatives of minorities, but he thought a change in the administration should be brought about by negotiations and no through defeat

Mr. Jyoti Basu (Communist) pleaded for a Coalition Government and said that certain eventualities should be brought about not by a vote of no-confidence, but by sitting around a table.

Mr. Tafazzal Ali (Muslim League), the Deputy Speaker, said that some persons who were against the present Ministry deliberately engineered the riot in order to discredit the Ministry before the bar of public opinion He demanded an inquiry into the conduct of the Police Commissioner as to why the police remained inactive on the first two days of the rioting.

The Assembly adjourned at 4.50 p.m after ten members had participated The debate will be resumed at 2-15 p.m tomorrow.

INQUIRY INTO CALCUTTA RIOTS

CALCUTTA, Sept. 19, (API): The Bengal Legislative Council considered the Calcutta Disturbance Commission Inquiry Bill (1946) today.

The Chief Minister, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, moving the Bill for consideration pointed out that he considered it proper to enlarge the territorial jurisdiction of the inquiry Mr. Suhrawardy added that in response to requests received from various quarters he now proposed to amend the notification so as to include the police stations of Metiaburuz and Tollygung in the district of 24-Parganas and the Municipality of Howrah.

Replying to the criticism regarding the submission of statements to the Commission through its Secretary, Mr. Saddler, the Chief Minister hoped that the recent statement issued by the President of the Commission himself had cleared the air. Mr. Saddler was selected by Sir Patrick Spens himself at a time when he (Mr. Suhrawardy) was away in Bombay He assured the House that all the business of the Commission would be conducted in a most impartial manner and without the slightest interference from anyone. The Officers of the Commission would be absolutely independent of the Provincial Government and all the papers, documents, evidence and statements would be a matter entirely for the Commission and would not be placed before any officer of the Provincial Government unless the Commission so desired in the course of the inquiry

Mr Suhrawardy appealed for co-operation in the matter of the early enactment of the Bill, so that they could go along with the work as soon as possible.

The consideration of the Bill was in progress, when the House adjourned till tomorrow.

Announcing!!!

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Common Man Figures In Trade Picture

(Continued from page 1)

posed Trade Organisation is drafted by the experts, the draft will be circulated for further consideration and study.

GOVT. DECISION

The commitment stage will be reached at a third meeting of drafting countries which has been convened by the U.S. Government, but is not expected to meet before next April. The Government of India has been invited to all the three meetings and has accepted the invitation to the meeting of the Preparatory Committee and to the meeting convened by the U.S. Government. As regards the first meeting of the British Commonwealth countries, we have informed the Government of the U.K. that in view of the recent change of Government here, it will not be possible to complete preparations in time to enable this country to participate in the talks commencing on October 1st. Our first appearance will thus be at a meeting held at international level and having regard to the purpose of the meeting, we have decided to send a delegation of experts, both official and non-official, to participate in these talks. To the third meeting at which tariff negotiations will take place and firm decisions will be reached, as also to the plenary conference which may eventually be convened by UNO, it is our intention to send a more highpowered delegation which will include representatives of commerce, industrial and other interests apart from experts and officials. We shall hold discussions in India and sound public opinion more fully before any instructions are given to the delegation to these latter meetings.

AMERICAN PLANS

I have endeavoured, Gentlemen, to explain to you briefly the urgency of the present consultation. Although the delegation to the October meeting will not be authorised to make any commitment, it will need clear instructions from this Government as to the views to be put forward on its behalf. This brings me again to the purpose of this meeting which is explained fully in the agenda. Certain documents have been placed on the table which will give you a clear idea of the American plans and the reactions of our own experts to the proposals which have been put forward. You are no doubt aware that these proposals have the support not only of the U.S. Government, but also on broad questions of principle, of the Government of the U.K. The approach is, therefore, essentially a joint approach of the two Governments and the question before us is whether these proposals meet the vital requirements of a country in the position of India, and if not what is the correct attitude for India towards this scheme.

WHAT EXPERTS THINK

"I do not wish to anticipate the discussion by commenting on the proposals in detail. The views of the experts have been given publicity, and I am anxious now to have the views of this representative gathering also. The experts have given full consideration to the comments and suggestions made by various commercial organisations. In formulating its attitude, the Government will give due weight to all the opinions expressed and will follow a course which is fully consistent with the vital interests of our country. Since the new Government has only recently come into being, you will not expect me to give a detailed exposition of our concrete plans for the future. These plans have not yet been prepared, but the country is entitled to know what objectives we have in view and the principles which will determine our policy. Perhaps a brief statement on this subject from me may be helpful to this Committee also.

NATIONAL OBJECTIVES

"Our general approach to the problem of trade policy is based on the principle which was recently enunciated by the Vice-President of our Interim Government, namely, that India must take full part in all international conferences and develop close and direct contacts with other countries and co-operate with them in the furtherance of world peace and freedom. We believe in the principle of international co-operation in the sphere of trade and employment and other spheres and at every international meeting to which we are invited our representatives will press for the adoption of policies and measures which will strengthen the cause of genuine and constructive co-operation. No scheme of co-operation in the sphere of trade and employment could be accepted as genuine and constructive which fails to provide for the rapid development of countries which have lagged behind in material progress and are still dependent both economically and politically on the great industrial powers. The expansion of trade is not, in our view an end in itself: the main purpose of international co-operation and of any organisation which may be set up with a view to promoting co-operation between the nations must be the raising of living standards and the real income of all peoples and more particularly the less advanced peoples of the world

TRADE BARRIERS

In pressing the claims of such peoples and countries and suggesting the adoption of measures which may lead to their economic advancement, our representatives will be leading their support to a policy which, in the long run, will benefit the leading industrial countries also. A substantial increase of trade cannot be brought about by the hasty removal of so-called trade barriers which must inevitably hamper the development of backward countries and sterilise the purchasing power and real income of their vast populations. The correct objective, in our view, is to make full provision for the use of such instruments of trade regulation by all countries as are suited to their essential requirements and are primarily designed to bring about a net increase of employment and real income in the world as a whole. Adequate safeguards could, of course, be adopted to prevent the misuse of such powers and to ensure that so-called restrictive measures are applied mainly for purposes of development.

FIGHT AGAINST POVERTY

I said that it was not my intention to comment on the proposals in detail. There are certain points, however, to which I must refer in view of their bearing on our future trade policy. We are determined to initiate effective measures for the rapid economic development of this country. For it is our firm conviction that if our people are to be freed from the shackles of poverty and other evils, our national resources must be developed to the full. In the past, economic progress has been slow and haphazard, largely as a result of the adoption of policies, such as the policy of discriminating protection, which have discouraged and hampered the industrialisation of this country. This outlook has now changed and the policies and measures which we propose to adopt involve a large scale expansion of industry and agriculture and the complete modernisation of our methods of production. We will need assistance from other countries in the shape of capital goods and equipment, technical advice and food and raw materials.

To pay for these goods and services, it will be necessary to explore every avenue in sight for the expansion of our country's export trade. This problem may, however, present some difficulty since the domestic consumption of Indian raw materials, which constitutes our principal exports, is increasing and is likely to increase still further.

PLANNED DEVELOPMENT

Our ultimate objective must, therefore, be two-fold: First, to increase the export of manufactured goods, the natural markets for which are the countries of Asia and Africa; and secondly, to control imports, not only by the use of tariffs, but by the application of more direct measures also which will ensure that our limited resources are not frittered away on less essential goods and that the products of our new industries are suitably and adequately protected. It is our belief that a healthy and rapid expansion of Indian resources and a rise in the standard of living of the Indian people can only be brought about by a system of planned development which must include a planned regulation of external trade. We also believe that, in the conditions facing us, a system of non-discriminatory trade which will give us free access to all markets, both for making purchases and for selling our products, will be more in our interest than a system of preferences or other forms of trade discrimination. As a creditor country with vast sums of money owing to her, India has everything to gain by the removal of discrimination in trade relations.

CORRECT POLICY FOR INDIA

I have mentioned some of the considerations which will guide us in the planning of our future policy. Our attitude to the proposals will be determined very largely by what we conceive to be a correct trade policy for India. Our objectives are clear and the problem before us is primarily one of the means of attaining them by a constructive regulation of external trade. On this subject any advice that you may wish to offer will receive my careful consideration and I would welcome a full and frank expression of your views on the American proposals".

LEAGUE ELECTIONS POSTPONED

Committee Of Action To Convene Conference Of Ulemas?

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19 (API): The Committee of Action of the All-India Muslim League which held a three-hour session this morning adopted a resolution expressing its deep sense of sorrow at the death of Dr. Hasan Suhrawardy.

The Committee met again in the evening at the residence of Mr. Jinnah.

It is understood that the Committee proposes to convene a Conference of the leading Ulemas and spiritual heads from all parts of the country in connection with the direct action programme. The Conference is likely to be held sometime in the first half of October at Delhi or Lahore.

The Committee decided that the annual general elections to the provincial Muslim Leagues and their branches, now due, should be postponed indefinitely except in the case of the provinces of Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara.

Committees of Action will be appointed in the Provinces as well as in the Branch Leagues. Provincial Committees of Action will be appointed by the All-India Muslim League Committee of Action after consulting the Provincial Working Committees, and the Provincial Committees will in turn appoint subordinate Committees of Action in their branches.

The membership of the Provincial Committees of Action and their branches shall not exceed nine in number, including the President, and all Committees of Action will be under the control of the All-India Muslim League Committee of Action and will carry out all its decisions and instructions.

"WE HAVE LOST A BIG MAN"

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19 (API): Mr. M. A. Jinnah has sent the following telegram to Begum Ikramullah, daughter of the late Dr. Hasan Suhrawardy:

"Deeply grieved to hear sad news of the death of Dr. Hasan Suhrawardy. Please accept my sincerest sympathy in your bereavement. In him we have lost a big man and unfortunately at this critical juncture we are deprived of his valuable services which he was rendering to the cause of the Muslim League and Pakistan".

BATTLE OVER TRIESTE

Yugoslav Demand For Compromise Solution

PARIS, Sept. 19 (Reuter): The Indian delegate Sir Samuel Ranganadhan was the only one to speak on the Trieste problem who did not rationalise a pre-conceived point of view, Mr. Jan Joidaan (South Africa) told the Italian Political and Territorial Committee of the Paris Conference today.

Sir Samuel yesterday said that India would oppose all amendments including that of South Africa and support the Big Four draft for the settlement of Trieste and Venezia Giulia.

"The delegate for India tried to weigh the different factors that enter into the solution of the Istrian problem", Mr. Jordaan declared today. "He did not deny the validity of the ethnical argument nor do I deny the force of the economic argument, but like the Indian delegate, I take my stand on the fact that there are no insuperable difficulties in the way of ensuring economic prosperity for Trieste".

Mr. Jordaan was speaking in favour of the South African amendment which would internationalise the whole of Western Istria.

The Yugoslav delegate calling for a compromise solution which would have the backing of all the parties, said: "Until such a solution is found, Yugoslavia will not approve, by her signature, a treaty which would force the Yugoslav army to withdraw from parts of its fatherland". He asked for the rejection of the South African amendment as well as the Brazilian amendment — which would modify the frontier in favour of Italy—and the French line in North-Western Istria.

The Committee rejected the Brazilian amendment by 17 votes to one.

The Military Committee today completed adoption of all the military clauses of the Italian peace treaty. It must now deal with the military clauses of the other four draft treaties—Rumania, Bulgaria, Finland and Hungary—but indications are that these are not likely to give rise to much controversy.

Election Fever In Sind

Alla Bux's Son To Oppose Hidayatullah

KARACHI, Sept. 19 (UPI): The Council of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee met last night and decided to set up the same Congress members of the dissolved Assembly for the ensuing general election of the Sind Legislative Assembly. The Council also urged upon the electorate to return the Congress candidates.

Mr. Rahim Bux, son of the late Alla Bux, ex-Premier of Sind, is opposing Mr. Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah, Premier of Sind, in the landholders' joint constituency of the Sind Assembly, it is gathered.

Mr. Yusaf Abdulla Haroon, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, who is also a member of the Central Assembly, is contesting against Mr. G. M. Syed, Leader of the Coalition Party.

Mr. Gul Mahomed Shah has been removed from the Presidentship of the Dadu District Local Board by the Government of Sind on charges of maladministration, corruption, etc. Further he has been disqualified from contesting for the presidentship for a period of five years.

Mr. Gul Mahomed Shah belongs to Mr. G. M. Syed's party and is contesting the Sind Assembly election on the Nationalist Muslim ticket against Pir Illahi Bux, former League Minister.

Kamaladevi For Delhi

Srimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, Member of the Congress Working Committee, who arrived in Bombay on Wednesday morning from Hubli, left for Delhi the same evening by the Frontier Mail.

Mr. Srinivas Mallya also left for Delhi by the same train.

Ban Relaxed For A. I. C. C.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19 (API).—The Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, has agreed to relax section 144 Cr.P.C. and the Parade Control Order for one week in Daryaganj, to facilitate holding of the A.I.C.C. in Delhi, it is learnt.

Three Killed In Ahmedabad

Explosive Thrown On Public Thoroughfare: Three Injured

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 19 (API):—There were seven cases of stabbing to-day, of which three proved fatal. Total casualties since the commencement of rioting on Sunday are now nine killed and 25 injured.

An explosive substance was thrown this evening on a public thoroughfare. Three persons were slightly injured. Fifty persons were rounded up to-day.

No Resignation Talks

Wallace Stands By His Speech

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19, (Reuter): The United States' Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Henry Wallace, announced after a two and half hour meeting with President Truman at White House last night that the question of his resignation was not even discussed.

Mr. Wallace added that he would make no statements or speeches until the Paris peace conference ended. He presumed that this would be over before the end of the forthcoming campaign in the Congressional elections fixed for November.

He has cancelled his speaking tour across America—which included a speech due to be delivered on the night of Tuesday—and will not speak on either domestic or foreign affairs, he added, in a prepared statement to pressmen.

The meeting between the President and Mr. Wallace was the first time they had met since Mr. Wallace made his controversial foreign policy speech in New York last week.

Mr. Wallace told reporters: "The President is very confident about peace with Russia."

Asked whether he still stood by his "ease up on Russia" speech, Mr. Wallace said, "absolutely".

Whether the United States' Secretary of State, Mr. James Byrnes, has been informed of last night's White House conference is not known and until it is—and Mr. Byrnes' reactions are demonstrated—the American Cabinet crisis cannot be counted as over.

Some Democratic Party advisers are understood to be urging the President to make an exhaustive and "clarifying" foreign policy announcement as the only way of salvaging the major part of United States Government's prestige.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18. (Reuter): The United States Secretary for War, Mr. Robert Patterson, and the Secretary for the Navy, Mr. James Forrestal, in a joint letter to President Truman, released by the White House to-night, said that there was no basis for the statement by the Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Henry Wallace, that a school of military thinking is advocating "a preventive war or an attack on Russia now before Russia has atomic bombs."

The secretaries of War and Navy in their letter stated they knew of no responsible army or navy officer who had ever advocated or even suggested a policy or plan of attacking Russia.

The letter was given to newspapermen at the White House without comment.

LATEST ABOUT SIND PORTFOLIOS

Assembly Election Dates Announced

KARACHI, Sept. 19, (API): The Premier Mr. Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, since the dissolution of the Sind Legislative Assembly has been holding talks with his partymen, it is stated, for re-appointing two of his former colleagues as Ministers.

Meanwhile it was announced today that the portfolios formerly held by his four colleagues who resigned on September 9 have been distributed between the Premier and Mr. Khuhro. The Premier will hold all the portfolios except Revenue, Public Works and Agriculture, which have been allotted to Mr. M. A. Khuhro.

ELECTION DATES

The fresh election to the Sind Legislative Assembly will be held on December 2, 1946, and nomination papers will be received on November 1. The counting of votes will begin on December 9 and will be completed on December 12.

INDONESIA TRUCE TALKS

BATAVIA, Sept. 19 (Reuter): Talks to arrange a truce in Indonesia will start to-morrow at the Headquarters of the Allied Force in the Netherlands East Indies, it was authoritatively learnt here to-day.

The negotiators will be: BRITISH: Maj.-Gen. J. F. R. Forma and Brig. I. C. A. Lauder; DUTCH: Maj.-Gen. D. H. Burman Van Vreeden, Chief of Staff; INDONESIA: Maj.-Gen. Soedibye and Air Commodore Sheriaddanman; JAVA: Col. Simbolon and Lt.-Col. Kawatimara; SUMATRA: Lt.-Col. Soekandar, Central Staff.

Anglo-Egyptian Treaty Talks Postponed

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 19 (Reuter): The "final" decision on the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty revision negotiations which the Egyptian delegation was to have taken to-day, has been postponed until next week.

CHIANG'S TROOPS ENTER HUAIYIN

NANKING, Sept. 19 (Reuter): Government forces re-entered Huaiyin. The main Communist base of operations in northern Kiangsu on September 17. Huaiyin has been occupied by Communists since the Japanese surrender in autumn of 1945.

Jinnah-Rau Parleys On Constituent Assembly Set-Up

DELHI CIRCLES EXPECT DEVELOPMENTS BY WEEK-END

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 18: Mr Jinnah, the constitutionalist is likely to triumph over Mr. Jinnah, the Direct Actionist, according to political commentators here. Communal strife has presumably unhinged him. He hates bloodshed, and had said so, before he left Bombay for Delhi. Then again notwithstanding his Pakistan stand, it did not take him long to accept the Union Centre scheme, once he was convinced of its benefits and potentialities. Friends of the League and of communal harmony, since Mr. Jinnah's arrival here have tried to argue the potentialities of settlement at this most critical juncture in the history of India and the life of Indian Mussalmans in particular. Direct action, it is pointed out is like the Blitz whose success is determined by its speedy results. Long drawn out direct action leads to demoralisation. Time alone can indicate what staying power the Mussalmans have in respect of direct action which is bound to be a long-drawn affair.

MORE REALISM IN TALKS

Then again, Congress-League coalition at the Centre is bound to have a stabilising effect on League Ministries in Sind and Bengal. For Congress-League coalition at the centre and the Congress-League strike in provinces is a contradiction in terms. Congress-League coalition at the centre would not only bring stability to League Ministries, but would secure for the League a share in the Congress ministries in nine other provinces, including the Punjab. Then again, it would iron out the difficulties in the working of the Constituent Assembly and restore law and order in the country. For these and other reasons, there is more realism in the latest phase of political talks now in progress here.

ALL DEPENDS ON RIGHT APPROACH

Congress circles claim that they have gone the farthest limit to win over the League and Pt. Nehru's broadcast is cited as an earnest of their goodwill towards the League. According to them the Congress in justice and equity should be accorded the same rights which Mr. Jinnah demands for the League. This is apropos of Mr. Jinnah's demand that the League must have unfettered right to nominate its team to the cabinet. Whether the Congress having secured that right would exercise that right is yet a difficult question, as far as the inclusion of a non-League Mussalman in the Cabinet is concerned. Firstly, it depends on how Mr. Jinnah tackles this issue. If he insists that the Congress being an Hindu body could not include a non-League Mussalman in its quota, then the Congress also would insist on the inclusion of a non-League Mussalman in the Cabinet. Then again if Gandhiji had any say in this matter, the inclusion of a non-League Mussalman is regarded as certainty.

Another view here is that if Mr. Jinnah were to waive his objection, then Congress by itself would not include a non-League Mussalman in its team. As for other Minorities, three out of four members representing the Sikhs, Indian Christians and Scheduled Castes had been accepted by Mr. Jinnah when the League had accepted the short-term plan. They were and are Sardar Baldeo Singh Mr. John Mathai and Mr. Jagjiwanram. The only change made is in respect of the Parsee representative Mr. C. H. Bhabha has replaced Sir N. P. Engineer, and it is highly unlikely that Mr. Jinnah would break up the agreement over him.

As for portfolios, their allocation is regarded here as the most equitable both between the Congress and Mussalmans and between the Minorities and the rest.

As for the communal veto, Lord Wavell in his broadcast has declared unequivacally that decisions by the coalition would be by common agreement, and not by a majority vote. In practice, this would be tantamount to communal veto. It would thus appear that as far as short term plan is concerned, the most favourable conditions have been created for the League to enter Interim Government. As already explained, the question of calling the Executive Council, cabinet is a matter of nomenclature without legal substance. Joint consultation once again is a matter for parties. Today, Interim Government uses the machinery of joint consultation, which the League may or may not use. As for joint responsibility, this issue has already been made clear by the Cabinet Mission before it left India. Legally, members of he Government are non-responsible and irremovable, but it has been left to them to resign in the face of an adverse vote of the Central Legislature, if they so desire.

RAU-JINNAH TALKS

Mr. Jinnah however regards the long and short-term plans as interdependent, and would not join the Interim Centre unless the position about grouping and procedure were made unequivocally clear. Lord Wavell, in this connection, sent his constitutional adviser Sir B. N. Rau to Mr. Jinnah. He had ninety minutes' talk with Mr. Jinnah in the course of which he is presumed to have further elucidated the terms of the state paper in the light of Pt. Nehru's broadcast. Another Jinnah-Nehru meeting is envisaged. Although there is not definite information about Mr. Jinnah's latest reactions to his talks with Lord Wavell and Sir B. N. Rau, there is definite note of optimism in New Delhi. It may be merely wishful thinking, but a section amongst well-informed circles envisage a change in the League's attitude. It would not surprise this section, if the League joined the Interim Government at no distant date and also participated in the Constituent Assembly. The week-end promises to unfold a clearer picture.

Spens Assures Public

Protection To Citizens Who Submit Statements

CALCUTTA, Sept. 18 (A.P.I.): The Commission of Enquiry into the Calcutta disturbances has been given very wide powers to deal with any interference with witnesses or the production of evidence and they will not hesitate to use these powers, if necessary, says Sir Patrick Spens, Chief Justice of the Federal Court and Chairman of the Commission of Enquiry, in a statement from Simla.

Members of the public are assured, he says, that every step will be taken to secure that statements of their evidence are used solely for the proper purposes of the Commission and that those who submit them will be fully protected.

Sir Patrick, however, takes a very serious view of attempts to interfere with the procedure for obtaining statements of evidence directed by the notice issued by the Secretary of the Commission on September 11 and 16 last and desires that such interference should cease.

He trusts that notwithstanding such attempts, members of the public will continue to comply with the notice and deliver their statements as directed by the notice to the Secretary of the commission by the 26th instant.

It will be recalled that Mr. N. P. Sarker, Chairman of the Citizens Committee set up for collecting authentic information to be placed before the Enquiry Commission and other members of the committee, recently sent a telegram to Sir Patrick Spens pressing for cancellation of the notice issued by the Secretary of the Commission directing filing of statements in advance by September 26.

The telegram stated that with the present League Ministry under whom the disturbances took place, still in power, it was impossible for the public to place statements beforehand in the hands of an officer of that Government since it would offer opportunity to manipulate evidence and fashion it as they liked.

Accordingly the committee advised the members of the public not to forward any statement at this stage until they had heard from the Chairman of the Commission.

The office of the Commission of Enquiry, which was temporarily located in Writers Buildings, the Bengal Government Secretariat, is being very shortly shifted to Belvedre.

JOE LOUIS BEATS TAMI MAURIELLO

NEW YORK, Sept. 18, (Reuter): World heavyweight champion Joe Louis proved what a great champion he is when at Yankee Stadium here this evening he disposed of his challenger Tami Mauriello in two minutes nine seconds.

'Leaguers Playing With Fire'

Ch. Akbar Khan's Criticism

LONDON, Sept. 18 (Reuter): Chowdry Akbar Khan, Muslim President of the London Indian Workers' Association, denounced the Muslim League as hypocrites and the Hindu caste system as causing immense harm to India, in a pamphlet published today "And Now Post-Mortem".

He said: "The Muslim League has unfortunately adopted a mistaken, discredited policy and Mr. Mohamed Ali Jinnah is the standard-bearer of reaction. The League leader wants to keep the Pakistan baby in the cradle of British Imperialism and to bring degradation upon his motherland.

"Once Indian Muslims used to dream of Turkey and Afghanistan coming to free them from alien yoke. Now they are furtively talking of Russia.

The League is deliberately misleading the ignorant Muslim masses for which it will have to accept responsibility and give account. It knows no sane politics but disruptive policy. Leaguers are playing with fire.

The Congress is Socialist. The League is Diehard Conservative. The Congress is progressive. The League is reactionary. The Congress appeals to the people. The League to Churchill".

The Indian Workers' Association, in collaboration with the National Muslim Committee of the United Kingdom will hold a reception in London on September 29 to celebrate the formation of the Indian Interim Government.

Forward Blocist's Resolution For A. I. C. C.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 19, (A. P. I.). Withdrawal of Congress members from the Interim Government is demanded by Pandit Sheelbhadra Yajee, Vice-President, All-India Forward Bloc, and member of the A. I. C. C. in a resolution tabled by him for the forthcoming session of the A. I. C. C.

D. F. KARAKA

Off My Chest

A columnist must find out from his readers what sort of column they want from him. Today I take the liberty of addressing a questionnaire to those who read 'Off My Chest', either occasionally or regularly. Your replies to the following questions would be greatly appreciated.

Questions should not be answered anonymously, but your correspondence will be treated as personal to this column and will not be published.

1. Are you a regular reader of 'Off My Chest'?
2. Do you miss it if it does not appear?
3. Do you want the column to be a serious comment on matters of topical interest?
4. Do you like it varied with lighter writing and occasional tom-foolery?
5. Do you like the column to retain that aggressive and independent attitude which it has on occasions shown?
6. Do you mind if the views of the column sometimes go beyond or contrary to the policy of the paper in which it appears?
7. Is the present length correct?
8. Have you any particular comments or suggestions of your own?
9. What is your frank opinion of the column and its continuance in its present form?

There are several people, some who are busy men, who have occasionally in conversation told me that they like reading "Off My Chest." There are others who do not care for this sort of fare. It would be a great help to the paper and to me if we were to ascertain what the readers of the BOMBAY CHRONICLE and 'Off My Chest' have to say about this column. Some of you are busy men but I make this personal appeal to you all to send me at least a couple of lines of comment on the column.

It is most important that I should know whose comment I am receiving and I would, therefore, urge you NOT to write anonymously. If you could indicate to me, for my personal reference, who you are—a business man, a student, a chairman of a company, a bank clerk, an aviator, a man in the fighting forces, or whatever you are—it would help even more.

Your replies should be addressed to: 'Off My Chest,'
THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE,
Bombay.

Please do not fail to comply with this request and treat it seriously.

Thanks.

Tata Iron & Steel Agreement With Workers

CALCUTTA, Sept. 19, (A. P. I.): It is understood that a settlement has been reached between the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Ltd., Jamshedpur, and Prof Abdul Bari, leader of the Tata workers, in regard to the demands made by the latter recently.

Do You Know....

That in American Universities the general average of Indian student is lower than that of the Chinese and Latin Americans? That many of them were asked to leave their respective universities because they showed poor progress after two terms? The reasons for this deplorable state of things are discussed in the illuminating article by Dr. Taraknath Das and S. G. Watamull in the next B. C. Weekly.

Britain's Proudest Day
Special article by H. N. Brailsford on the establishment of the National Government in India.

Homes For Everybody
Sweden leads in the matter of providing homes to its citizens—a problem which is worrying Governments all over the world. Indian planners please note.

Servant of Harijans
Close-up of Jagjiwan Ram, the Labour Minister of the Central Government.

Our usual features, photos and latest news.

Bombay Chronicle
Weekly
Sunday, September 22

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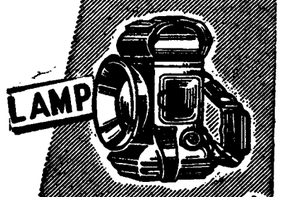

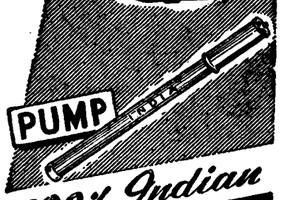

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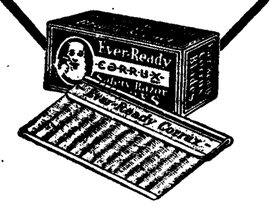

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Ex-101

A scene from Theatre Group's production of Music At Night by J. B. Priestly. Several requests from the public have called for a revival and the play will again be held at the St. Xavier's College Hall on Sunday the 22nd morning and Monday the 23rd evening. Tickets may be had from Rythm House, Rampart Row.

Laugh Filled Marital Comedy

Metro

CAST: ROBERT WALKER, JUNE ALLYSON

Permeated with humor and those down-to-earth touches familiar to everyone who has known the embarrassments and difficulties of those first days of marriage, the story of "The Sailor Takes a Wife" follows the often hilarious, often poignant attempts of John and Mary Hill to set up housekeeping, following their whirlwind courtship. Their attempts to furnish a drab brownstone house apartment, the disillusionment of the young husband when he views his wife on their bridal night arrayed in woolie pajamas and pigtails, the first dinner that fails, the jealousy of Mary when an attractive refugee (Audrey Totter) enters the picture the reciprocated suspicion on John's part when Mary is given a mink coat on her birthday by her over-solicitous boss (Hume Cronyn), total up to a picture which breathes reality and makes the onlooker feel he is part of the proceedings. Miss Allyson keys her portrait of the young wife with tenderness and understanding, while Miss Totter as the amiably flirtatious "other woman" offers a tongue-in-cheek quality to her role that is spontaneous and likeable. Cronyn, as an unimaginative business man, plays the part to the hilt, and Eddie "Rochester" Anderson contributes an extremely amusing characterization as the janitor of the newlywed's apartment who is always about to fix all the leaks but never quite gets around to it.

★

Prisoner Of Zenda Revived

David O. Selznick's presentation of Anthony Hope's well-known novel "The Prisoner of Zenda", starring Ronald Colman, comes to the Excelsior this Friday. The cast includes Madeleine Carroll, Douglas Fairbanks Jr. (as Rupert of Hentzau), Raymond Massey, C. Aubrey Smith, David Niven and Mary Astor. The picture is produced by David O. Selznick and directed by John Cromwell.

Ronald Colman plays a dual role one is of Rudolf Rassendyl who resembles the king very much and the other of King Rudolf V King of Ruritania.

★

SUNDAY MORNING

REGAL: Incendiary Blonde.
CAPITOL: Rio Rita.
METRO: Son of Lassie
AURORA: Kismet.
PALACE: Princess and the Pirate.

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NOTE: Students are requested to be present on Saturday, 21st instant, at 4 p. m. sharp to discuss study programme.

Time Tested Team P.K. Sen's CHALMUGRA SOAP & OINTMENT

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P.K. SEN'S DRUGS & CHEMICAL WORKS CHITTAGONG

Hollywood Portrait

Mrs. Miniver's Real Life Husband

By Sheilah Graham

NORTH AMERICAN NEWSPAPER ALLIANCE

Hollywood.—Richard Ney is the husband of Greer Garson. It is not easy to be the husband of a famous movie actress, but I think that Richard is doing a fine job. Would you like to hear about it?

"I fell in love with Greer," says Richard, now resuming his movie career after four years in the Navy, "while we were making 'Mrs. Miniver'." If you remember, in this successful movie Richard played the son of Mrs. Miniver.

"But," he continues, "Greer would have nothing to do with me, so I decided to approach her through her mother. I'd play cards with Nina (Greer's mother) and instead of playing for money, I played for dinner. If she lost, she had to have me at the house for dinner; if I lost, I had to take her out for dinner. One time Greer asked us how we were doing and Mrs. Garson said, 'Terribly. I already owe him 12 dinners."

Richard and Greer were married in July, 1943. Before that, Ney was receiving dol. 500 a week at Metro. Came the war and Richard was a naval lieutenant. The question of being small (comparatively) fry didn't arise until Richard returned here last November.

THE DOUBT

"They wanted to put me back on salary, but I knew if I accepted a cent from the studio I was lost", says Richard, who is now 32 and intelligent. "You see," he explains, "I just had to leave Metro because I would never know if people there were being nice to me because of my acting or because of my wife."

When Richard was in New York recently with Greer, they called on Metro's head, Nicholas Schenck, who offered to raise Richard to dol. 1,000 a week if he would stay with Metro. And this was temptation—"Imagine a punk like me getting dol. 1,000 a week", says Mr. Ney.

Even Greer thought he was making a mistake to leave the company. But he persisted. And to-day he is freelancing, although he may sign a contract at 20th Century-Fox, where he now is playing Ronald Colman's son in "The Late George Apley."

"One day I shall go back to Metro to make pictures," says Ney, "when I've proved myself as an actor."

I've wondered often about the financial arrangements between a movie couple where the wife earns more than the husband and I ask Richard how he manages to hold up his end financially.

"We each pay for what we can afford," he replies. "But actually, I have more left out of my salary than Greer does. She has to pay heavy income tax and keeps only 4 or 5 cents out of each working dollar. When I brought home my first pay check from the Apley picture and showed it to Greer, she reached out her hand and said, 'Give it to baby'." And Richard did!

I always thought Ney was English because of his British accent in "Mrs. Miniver." But he was born in Connecticut and started his working life writing a Broadway column called "The Barker On Broadway" for the Lakeville Connecticut Journal, his home-town paper, and received all of dol. 7 a week for the chore.

June Allyson And Robert Walker In Sailor Takes A wife

Show World

A scene from the Ruritanian Melodrama "Prisoner of Zenda"

Alan Ladd & Helen Walker in Lucky Jordan

Crime Pays Dividends

Regal

CAST: ALAN LADD, HELEN WALKER

Dedicated to the proposition that American gangsters are gentlemen with hearts of gold in contrast to the mobsters of Nazi Germany, Paramount's swift and furious spy drama, "Lucky Jordan", opened at the Regal Theatre on Friday. You may consider the proposition adequately proved.

In "Lucky Jordan", Ladd is supported by a brilliant young new comer, blonde and gorgeous Helen Walker. Helen, late of the Broadway stage, is a sure bet for stardom herself. Others in the picture are Sheldon Leonard, Mabel Paige and Lloyd Corrigan.

Ladd plays a gangster who tries to put the "fix" on the U. S. Army when his draft number comes up. When he finally lands in uniform he promptly goes A.W.O.L., kidnaps a canteen hostess, steals an automobile and heads for the big city. What he doesn't know is that a brief case in the stolen car contains vital military secrets, secrets that his old gang is after for sale to Axis agents. How Ladd at first plays along with the crooks and then suddenly turns patriotic and rounds up the spies for the F.B.I. is the story of this exciting and unusual film.

★

REPEAT & RETURN

New Empire

Commencing from Friday, there will be a daily change of popular hits at the New Empire, as follows:—

Friday: "The Three Caballeros" Walt Disney's technicolor hit.

Saturday: "To-night and Every Night" in technicolor, starring Rita Hayworth.

Sunday: "The Princess and the Pirate" in technicolor, starring Bob Hope.

Monday: "A Song to Remember" in technicolor, starring Paul Muni and Merle Oberon.

Tuesday: "Renegades" in technicolor.

Wednesday: "Show Business" starring Eddie Cantor.

Thursday: "The Fighting Guardsman" Alexandre Dumas' great adventure.

AURORA: RKO Radio's great drama of our time "To-morrow is Forever" starring Claudette Colbert, Orson Welles and George Brent.

PALACE: 20th Century-Fox's stirring love story "Sentimental Journey" starring John Payne, Maureen O'Hara and William Bendix.

..and already he's learned the LIFEBUOY habit!
He is playing with bricks now and, as he plays, he is training mind and hand to work together—and so he learns the habit of dexterity. His Mother watches him and knows there is one habit he has learned from her, which protects him even now as he plays—the daily use of Lifebuoy Soap that saves him from "dirt-danger" which lurks unseen but ever-present even in his own home and his toys.
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Indo-Argentina Trade Talks Broken Off

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 18 (Reuter): Trade negotiations between India and Argentina, which had been progressing most favourably, have taken a sudden turn for the worse and have virtually broken down.

Dewan Chaman Lall, leader of the Indian Trade Mission, which has been negotiating with the Argentine Government, had expected to leave with his party by plane tonight for New York en route to Montreal, but was compelled to cancel his departure 75 minutes before the plane took off.

Pending a settlement of the difficulties which cropped up lesser than four hours before the plane was dues to depart, the Argentine Government is refusing export permits for the balance of 300,000 tons of maize purchased by the Indian Government. One lakh and forty thousand tons have already been shipped. Thus the embargo applies to the balance of 160,000 tons.

SESAMUM CROP

Department of Agriculture, Bombay has issued the following Preliminary Memorandum on the SESAMUM CROP of the Bombay Province (including Indian States) for the Season 1946-47:

On an average of the five years ending 1944-45 the area under sesamum in the territory included in this forecast has represented some 11.2 per cent of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Sesamum crop sown in June and July 1946.

(Estimates up to 1st August 1946)

Information incomplete. Area so far reported and estimated 69 thousand acres British districts and 246 thousand acres Indian States. Total 315 thousand acres 13.4 per cent below corresponding area last year but 0.6 per cent over decennial average at same date. Heavy rains in July damaged crop especially low-lying areas in Gujerat. In parts Deccan and Karnatak crop growth in initial stage checked due want of adequate soil moisture but rains received later improved condition. Elsewhere germination and crop growth fairly satisfactory. No pest or disease.

GROUNDNUTS CROP

Department of Agriculture, Bombay has issued the following Preliminary Memorandum on the GROUNDNUT CROP of the Bombay Province (including Indian States) for the Season 1946-47:—

On an average of the five years ending 1944-45 the area under Groundnut in the territory included in this forecast has represented some 26.7 per cent of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Groundnut crop sown in June-July 1946.

(Estimates up to 1st August 1946)

Information incomplete. Area so far reported and estimated 1,208 thousand acres British Districts and 982 thousand acres Indian States. Total 2,190 thousand acres, 6.8 and 25.6 per cent over respectively corresponding area last year and decennial average at same date. Germination of crop reported satisfactory but crop suffered in growth from continuous rains in parts Gujarat. In Deccan and Karnatak crop growth hampered in initial stage due to insufficient rainfall but later rains improved condition. No pest or disease reported except in some parts Deccan.

SUGARCANE CROP

Department of Agriculture, Bombay has issued the following Preliminary Memorandum on the SUGARCANE CROP of the Bombay Province (including Indian States) for the Season 1946-47:—

On an average of the five years ending 1944-45 area under sugarcane in the territory included in this forecast has represented some 3.9 per cent of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Sugarcane crop sown from January 1946 onwards.

(Estimates up to 1st August 1946)

Information incomplete. Area so far reported and estimated 111 thousand acres British Districts and 58 thousand acres Indian States. Total 169 thousand acres. 4.5 and 33.4 per cent over corresponding area last year and decennial average at same date respectively. In Karnatak due inadequate water supply germination of crop not good and crop suffered in growth in beginning on this account. Later rains proved useful to revive crop growth. Elsewhere province germination and crop growth reported satisfactory. Pyrilla pest reported from parts Ahmednager District and grasshoppers from canal areas in Deccan.

FORECAST OF SLUMP IN RUBBER PRICES

LONDON, Sept. 19, (UPI).

A big slump in rubber prices and in the values of Malayan and Ceylon estates is confidently predicted in the city today.

The reason behind the forecast is that the Board of Trade finds it was grossly misled when the basic rubber prices were set up by Britain's Central Purchasing Board. The planters then declared that it would cost at least 25 million pounds to bring the plantations in productive condition and a fair reasonable and economic price would be one shilling and six pence per pound as compared to the previous price of ten pence per pound.

The planters also claimed that not more than 12,500 tons could be produced by the end of this year. But the end of last week shipments to-alled 75,000 tons costing nine and half million pounds from Malaya alone and the Board of Trade found itself with 1,17,000 tons costing nearly 17 million pounds from Ceylon.

The Board of Trade has now decided to buy only token lots and heavy shipments are being called off. It is expected that by the end of this year the rubber price will be slushed to ten pence per pound.

British Government has already decided to suspend all large-scale synthetic rubber production.

EASIER FEELING ON CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 19

An all round easier feeling prevailed in the market.

COTTONS: Benares cotton 11 Muir Mills 572 New Victoria Ordy 8/14.

COALS: Baraboni 3/12 Burrakur 46/8 South Karanpura 42/8 Bengal 960 Dhemo Main 31/12.

JUTES: Anglo India 693 Champdany 400 Cheviot 510 Howrah 134/4 India 1115/- Kamarhatty 975 Kinnison 585 Megna 250 Nuddea 178 Presidency 16/8 Barnagore 527/- SL. Ganges 850 Kanknarrah 840 Lawrence 500 Mellimaria 56 Orient 425.

MININGS: Burmah Corpn. 6/14 Indian Copper 4/11 Tavoy Tin 3/4 Karanpura Dev 94/12.

CEMENTS: Assam Bengal Cement 32/- Sone Valley 16.

Engineering Companies: Calcutta Elec. 34/8 Braithwaite and Co. 18 Indian Iron 51/12 Kumardhubi - Eng. 12/12 Marshalls 12/12 Steel Corpn. Ordy 43 Textile Machinery 17.

MISCELLANEOUS: B.I.C. Corpn. 15/8 Calcutta Trams 39/8 Indian Cable 65/8 F and O Oeler 22 Martin Burn 32 National Tobacco 65/8 British Burma Pet. 6/15 Titaghur Paper 68 Assam Saws 14/8 India Steamship 23/8 India General Navgn. 302.

A NAME TO REMEMBER...

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the world famous tonic

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Due to abnormal situation in Calcutta for the last few days no material damage has been caused to KESHRANJAN KARYALAYA of Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen & Co. Ltd. (18/1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road).

KAVIRAJ RADHAPADA SEN, Managing Director with his family passed through frightful circumstances and is at present quite safe at 2, Madhab Chatterjee Street since Sunday, the 18th August.

For the time being the works have been kept suspended which however will be resumed very soon with all its different departments. Our customers, patrons and Mofussil Agents may communicate to the following address in the meanwhile in any emergent matter.

KAVIRAJ RADHAPADA SEN

Mg. Director, Kj. N. N. SEN & CO. LTD.

2, Madhab Chatterjee Street, Bhowanipur, CALCUTTA.

Heavy Selling Pressure On Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA ADVICES CREATE NERVOUSNESS AMONG LOCAL DEALERS

Cotton Prices Improve On Active Support

Bombay, Sept. 19.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was weak to-day and prices tumbled down on increased selling pressure.

Yesterday the market made a feeble attempt to rule steady but in the afternoon there were easier Calcutta advices which impaired general confidence in the local market and Tata Steel Dfds were depressed at Rs. 2880.

The market opened to-day under confusion with reports that Calcutta Stock Exchange was closed down. It was also said that large blocks of shares tendered there were not taken up. This news was sufficient to unnerve local traders who were shaky after the recent drop. Moreover there was a steady drop in the Wall Street market.

Thus the market opened weak with Tata Steel Dfds. quoted at Rs. 2840 and rallied at Rs. 2870. At this level there was renewed selling and Dfds. declined at Rs. 2820 and steadied at Rs.

After the close of the market there was active buying. Short sellers in Bombay Dyeings were nervous as Bulls may attempt a squeeze. Dyeings rose at Rs. 2980 and Tata Steel Dfds. hardened at Rs. 2,885.

2845. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2840 and sharply rallied at Rs. 2880, but soon declined at Rs. 2805 on nervous selling. At this level there was some covering and steadied at Rs. 2840.

Towards the close the market was slightly steady under short covering and Dfds were quoted at Rs. 2880 and Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 521, Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 2860, Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 895. The market again quietened and closed heavy. After the recent distress selling the market remains thoroughly liquidated and true position will be disclosed at tomorrow's settlement.

As a result of day's working Tata Steel Dfds. declined Rs. 125, Ordinaries Rs. 22, Bombay Dyeings Rs. 35, Kohinoors Rs. 74, Simplex Rs. 35, Gokaks Rs. 38 and Central India Rs. 37.

COTTON MILLS

Bombay Dyeing 2830 Century 1200 Nagpur 402 Swadeshi 698 New Great 485 Simplex 400 Kohinoor 874 Colaba 497/8 Gokak 970 Phoenix 1040 Mysore 360 Indian Bleaching 215 Swan 420 Finlay 398 Morarji 855 Indore 805.

STEEL

Tata Steel Deferred (129/8/9) X D 2830 Tata Steel Ordinary (23) XD 515

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 214 Andhra Valley 1945 Tata Power 1960 Tram (Old) 138.

CEMENT

Assoc. Merger 240.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 635 Alock 585 Bellapur 302 Shivrajpur 52/8 Steamer (Ord) 710 Scindia 44/2 Premier Construction 287.

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE)

Apollo 5/0/6 Elphinstone 108 India United (Ord) 21/11 India United (Defd.) 4/11 India Manufacturing 5150 Koorla 407/8 Khatau 410 Dawn 1650 David 240 New City 290 Minerva 280 Bradbury 570 Bharucha (Defd.) 15 Bharat 71 Madhavji 26 Model 300 Laxmi 1980 Vishnu 685 Western 5000 Standard 710 Sholapur 10,000 Sassoon Cotton 36/12 Hindustan 4975 Meyer 305 Edward 735 Tata 130/8 Ahmedabad Advance 545 Sassoon Silk 145 New Union 30/8 Poddar 345 Madhusudan 492/8 Madhusudan B 120 Srinivas 540 Raja Bahadur 170 Berar 500 Victoria 425.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 208/12 (New) 126/4 Surat (Ord.) 258/12 New Pre. 190 Karachi 240 Broach 14 Ajmer 16/8 Amalgamated 20/12 Jaigaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 305 Bombay Suburban 240 Bombay Suburban (New) 160.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 155 Imperial 2850 P. P. 700 Central 124 India 250 Union 16/8 Baroda 196 Habib 167 ABC 58 Dena Bank 67 United Commercial 108 Jaipur 84 Hindustan Commercial 62/8 National Savings (fully paid) 91 National Savings (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord) X R. 70 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 7600 Empire 1380 New India 108/8 Jupiter 47/2 Vulcan 20/12 Indian Mercantile 86 Universal Fire 20 Vasant 26/4 British India General 27/4 Industrial Prudential 66 Neptune

****

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Sept. 19.

MILLS.

Apollo 5 4/13/6 5/1 4/15/6 5/0/6
Bharat 71/8 70 71 (Ex. Div.)
B. Dyeing 2760 2810 2795 2850 35 55 20 35 2780 2825 2800 2855 2800 2830
Bradbury (Ord.) 570
C. India (Ord.) 422 16 18 15 20 399 412 2
Century 1200
Edward 725 40 35
Elphinstone (Ord.) 109 8
Elphinstone (Pref.) 140
Finlay 410 5 12 4 9 400 405 395 402 398 404 398
Gokak 385 70 92 80 83 68 70
India U. (Defd.) 4/12 4/13 9 14 4/10/6 4/11/6 4/11
India U. (Ord.) 23 21/12 22/10 21/12 22/4 21/11
Indore 805 30 800 810 5 10 5
Khatau 410
Kohinoor 910 890 920 5 15, 10 15 4 8 870 95 60 74
Laxmi 1980
Meyer 322/8 10 17/8 290 305
Madhusudan 510 492/8
Model 295 305 300
Morarji 850 60 55
New City 290
New Great 490 75 95 80 501 480 85
Phoenix 1040
Podar 345 40 45
Sassoon Cotton 36/12
Simplex 400 390 418 10 19 396 405 398 400
Swadeshi 700 735 695 710 700 706 695 98
Swan 430 20 28 15 20
Tata 132 30 32/8 30/8
Vishnu 685

BANKS.

Baroda 196
Central 127 28 24
Habib 167/2
Imperial (Old) 2850
Imperial (New) 695 700
India 250
Reserve 157 55
Union 16/8
U. Com. 110 6 8

ELEC. COS.

Andhra Valley 1950 45
Tramway (Ord.) 138/8 40 37/8 38
Tramway (Pref.) 57/12
Hydro (Ord.) 213 15 12 14
Power (Ord.) 1952/8 65 60

INSURANCE.

B. I. G. 27/4
Jupiter 46/14 47/2
New India 111 8/8
Universal 20
Bombay Steam 707/8 10
Scindia 45/8 46 44 46 44 44/8 44 44/2
Bengal Steel 43 46 44/14
B. Iron 51 54/8 53/8
Tata (Defd.) 2840 30 50 40 70 35 85 65 75 20 45 35 60 25 30
Tata (Ord.) 522 16 26 21 27 22 24 13 20 18 22 19 21 15
Tata (2nd Pref.) 182/8 82

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 590 85
A. Cement 241 42/8 39 40/8 40
Belapur 300 298 304 298 302
Burma (Old) 660 47/8 57/8 15 40 35
Burma (New) 242/8 45 40 43/2 42/8
B. B. Petrol 5/15 5/10
I. Bleaching 215
I. I. Trust 134
Port Canning 112, 13 10
P. Const. (Old) 295 304 285 87
Shivrajpur 54, 51/8 52/8
Tata Chemical 23/12 22/8 23/8 23 23/4 23
Tata Oil 115 10
Walchandnagar 390 (Ex. Div.)
Western India Match 580
A.C.C. (New) 122 25/8 24

****

14 New Great 43 All-India General 65.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 695 C. P. 107 Pachora 95.

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 242/8 Burma Petrol 5/10 Tata Oil XR 110 Port Canning 110 Kemp 560 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Radio (Ord) 395 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 134 Wimco 580 Tata Chemical 23 Dharamsey Chemical 49 Mukund Iron 15/6 Dena Trust 26/3 Alembic 397/8 Supreme India 228 (New) 180 Jamwire 160 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchandnagar Industries 390 United Motor 66 A. C. C. New 124 Baroda Glass 10/14.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 260 Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 182 Tram 57/12 Andhra Valley 1740 Tata Power 1810 Hydro 165 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 802/8 Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810 Laxmi 318/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 117 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 140 Bradbury 591/4 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12 (2nd Pref) 150 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 147/8 Walchandnagar Industries 250 Jupiter 10/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 53/8 Bengal Steel 44/14 Indian Copper 5/2 B.I.C. 15/10 Burma Corporation 7 New Victoria 10/4 New Victoria Preference 12 Raja Preference 58 Phalton 155 Gold Mohar 490 New Kaiser Hind 580 Sajjan Mill 500 Osmanshahi 445 Ajamshahi 465 Air Service 36 Birla Motors 11/12 Marshal 13.

GOLD & SILVER

The Bullion market was quiet today with moderate selling. The general tendency is downward and liberal offerings appear on all upswings.

Forward silver opened to-day at Rs. 161/6 and declined at Rs. 160/12. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 163/4. Forward gold opened at Rs. 97 and declined at Rs. 96/1 under increased selling but later steadied at Rs. 96/6 on scattered short covering. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 98/14, sovereigns were placed at Rs. 68/12.

Later on the market was steady under scattered support. Silver was quoted at Rs. 161/4 and gold was placed at Rs. 96/10.

Later on the market was steady with improved buying and Silver was quoted at Rs. 161/8 and Gold was placed at Rs. 96/8. The market finally closed as under:—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	164 6 0
Forward Silver	161 6 0
Reary Gold	98 10 0
Forward Gold	96 6 0
Sovereigns	68 10 0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 19.

The local cotton market was quiet to-day with moderate selling. The general feeling remains bearish influenced by weakness in Bullion and Share markets.

January delivery opened to-day at Rs. 438 and declined at Rs. 435 on moderate selling. At the decline there was scattered covering and January delivery steadied at Rs. 435/8.

The market improved at Rs. 437/4 under short covering but again quietened at Rs. 435/12 on renewed selling.

There was renewed buying and January improved at Rs. 439/8. Closing quotations at 3-30 p.m. were as under:

I.C.C. Sept.	419	8 0
I.C.C. Jan.	439	8 0
I.C.C. March	446	12 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

Bombay, Sept. 19.

Tata Ordinary 515; Tata Deferred 2830; Indian Iron 53/8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 44/14; Bombay Dyeing 2830; Central India 401/14; Century 1185; Gokak 370; Kohinoor 873/12; Simplex 400; Andhra Valley 1950; Tata Hydro 213/12; Tata Power 1960; Associated Cement 240; Belapur 302/8; Bombay Burma (Old) 635.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 19.

The local produce market was quiet with increased selling. It is reported that the Government intends to fix quotations for groundnuts which are expected in the vicinity of Rs. 17. Thus the existing quotations seem high enough. To-day new crop groundnuts quality November/December opened at Rs. 20/4 and declined at Rs. 19/14. Linseed September/November was quoted at Rs. 24/3, while castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 23/2.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 18.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th month
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs 329 3/4
New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2 no, under L/C.
Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 333.
Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs 329 1/4.
Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs 328 1/4
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3650
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

CROSS RATE

New York/London dol. 4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.
London/Hongkong dol. 1/2 13/16-1/3 3/32.
London/Singapore dol. 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.
London/Paris Fcs. 479.70-480.30
London/Belgium Fcs 176 1/2-3/4
London/Switzerland Fcs. 17.34-36
London/Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50.
London/Denmark Kr. 19.32-36.
London/New York dol 4.02 1/2, 4.03 1/2.
London/Montreal dol. 4.02-4.04.
London/Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70
London/Java Fl.
London/Bangkok Tcl 40.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet,
Gold London £8 12-3.
Gold New York dol 35
Silver London 55 1/2
Silver New York 90 1/8

London Discts. 3 months 17/32 p.c.
London Discts. 6 months 9/16-5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1/4 p.c, 3 months 1/2 p.c 6 months 3/4 p.c, 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

BOMBAY, Sept. 13.

The Patel Cotton Co., Ltd., has issued the following weekly review:—

Price swings in New York have been wide and irregular during the past three weeks. The market suffered an initial setback following a big crash in securities owing to some worsening in the international political front. Subsequently it rose to a new peak of 37.33 cents for October New York owing to lower crop estimates in the face of tight supply situation and doubtful crop prospects. Inflationary psychology was partly responsible for the upward surge. On this advance, however, the demand tapered off and seasonal hedge selling became a potent factor which, in conjunction with heavy long liquidation, uncovered stoploss orders as the prices declined.

The Bureau forecast on September 9 has furnished the following estimates:

Production 9,171,000 bales; Condition 67 per cent;

Yield per acre 247.6 lbs.; Area under harvest 17,776,000 acres;

Ginnings up to 31st August 532,000 bales.

The picture of yield outlook is somewhat more bullish than average expectations and found reflection in a buying movement but the resultant improvement was short-lived. The period under review finished with an uncertain tone with profit-taking and hedging counterbalancing renewed consideration of bullish statistical factors and a firmer tendency of the Stock Exchange.

The Census Bureau's preliminary estimates of U. S. cotton stocks on hand on July 31, 1946 is 7,522,000 bales as against 11,160,000 in the previous year.

The O. P. A. has announced that the monthly textile prices from October 1946 will be based on a two-week average cotton price after the publication of crop reports, instead of monthly prices as at present. The October prices will be based on average cotton prices from 9th September to 22nd September.

The Alexandria Cotton Exchange is expected to re-open in about three to four months' time, within which time certain modifications governing the Exchange are likely to be completed.

Exports of Brazilian cotton which had dwindled to almost one-fifth of the tonnage exported in 1939, are gradually recovering. In the first half of 1946 exports had exceeded the total for the whole of 1945 and amounted to 178,000 tons compared with 49,000 in the first half of 1945 and 164,000 for the whole of that year. There are indications of this upward tendency of exports continuing for some time.

LOCAL MARKET.

The cotton market in Bombay fluctuated erratically during the initial stages shooting upto Rs. 422 from Rs. 406 and again touched Rs. 401 in spite of a declaration of existence of 'bear raid' by the East India Cotton Association. At this level, heavy short-covering and transfer of hedges from September to January enlivened the market, the badla narrowing from Rs 42 at one stage to Rs. 13 now. During the last week, I.C.C. March opened at a premium of Rs. 8 over January.

Owing to the riot situation in the city and the intervening holidays, the ready market was not functioning normally and the premia for old and new varieties are easier.

The Industries Committee of the Textile Control Board does not approve of Government's suggestion of subsidising coarse varieties at the cost of finer cloth. On the contrary, it has suggested Government to increase the prices of coarse cloth in line with higher world terms and cotton prices and labour costs. In its opinion, the extra cost would be from 2-1/2 annas to 3 annas per yard and the consumer will have to pay this additional cost on about six yards of cloth as no more could be allotted because of 10 per cent prospective reduction in cloth output on account of the introduction of a 48-hour week. The Committee has further suggested a control of the prices of hand-loom cloth and a better distributing system.

Although there were complaints of excess moisture in many cotton growing districts, the crop on the whole is reported to be making good progress in all sections. Heavy rains have fallen in Gujerat during the week but there are no reports of any serious damage.

We have received the following telegram from our Karachi office dated 12th inst:—

"Weather favourable both Punjab-Sind. Moderate demand staples probably for exports. U. K. Coton Control interested in Bengal-Sind."

Partial Balance of Payments between the U. S. and India, 1942-1945.
(Millions of Dollars).

	1942.	1943.	1944.	1945.
U. S. imports (including U. S. Govt. purchases) (adjusted).	—105.8	—127.8	—115.0	—149.6
U. S. exports (adjusted)	+ 37.9	+ 27.2	+ 56.1	+ 67.9
Net trade balance	— 67.9	—100.6	— 58.9	— 61.7
Other U. S. Govt. expenditures (net)	— 10.0	— 29.7	— 31.9	— 63.9
Other "invisible" item (net)	+ 4.0	— 6.6	+ 3.3	+ 2.9
Net balance in favour of India	— 73.9	—136.9	— 87.5	—122.7

In computing the above figures exports of Military goods to India have been deducted from the recorded trade statistics on the assumption that they were imported into India on British rather than Indian account. The amounts involved were as follows: 1942, 62,700,000; 1943, 5,400,000; 1944, 3,200,000; and 1945, 200,000 dollars.

U. S. military expenditures are included in the actual amount of gold or dollars expended in obtaining the rupees which were disbursed by the armed forces. This amount is lower than if all rupee disbursements in India had been translated into dollars (in the foregoing statement) at the official rate of exchange.—U.S.I.S.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.

January last price 1.97-1/4 to 1.97-1/4 today's price 1.97-1/4 to 1.97-1/4.

March last price 1.90 to 1.90, today's price 1.91 bid.

May last price 1.86-1/2 to 1.86-1/2, today's price 1.87-1/2 to 1.87-1/2.

Drop In Rails On Wall Street Market

NEW YORK COTTON CAUGHT IN BAD MOOD

NEW YORK, Sept. 18, (Reuter).

Wall Street opened oarely steady and moderately active. Further pressure directed principally against leading shares unsettled most of the other sections and the market softened up to 2 points in modest trading. Motors, Steels, Minings, Rails and aviations came under particular fire. The labour strikes are a trifle brighter but there are still sufficient strikes with talk of more to come to confuse business outlook. A brief but effective selling wave caught buyers off balance and losses ranging up to five points were quickly registered before late stiffening enabled scattered recouping. The rail average finished in a new low ground for 1946 while industrials and utilities were within easy reach. The principal sufferers, besides rails, included motors, steels, buildings, chemicals and rubbers while minings, tobaccos and department Stores displayed the best resistance, brokers continue to speak of an impairment of investor confidence through the recent share market setback and actual or threathened labour disturbances which are impeding efforts to achieve earlier expected record peacetime production. They also stress that current differences in President Truman's cabinet over the foreign policy have added to the general confusion in the minds of the investing public. The market closed weak.

American Telephone and Telegraph	175-1/2
Amerex Corporation	30-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	38
Chase National Bank	38-1/2
Sinclair Oil	16
Firestone Rubber & Tyre Co.	60
General Electric Co ex. dividend	39
General Motors	53-5/8
Ingersol Rand bld	120-3/4
International Nickel	30-5/8
National City Bank of New York	41-1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.	16-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-3/4
Taxes Corporation	55-3/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	92
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	46-1/2
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	69-3/8
Western Union Telegraph	23-1/8

DROP IN COTTON

Cotton opened steady, 10 to 6 higher, and early advanced further on accumulation of mill and trade buying on prospects of greater activity in textiles. Lightness of hedges early helped to keep contracts limited but the action of Wall Street and a fairly favourable interpretation of the official weekly weather report caused mild selling and a small reaction. Despite the extremely favourable showing of the August consumption report. Operators appeared disappointed because it failed to come up to recent expectations. Prices later steadied on renewal of trade support. A New York Cotton Exchange seat was sold for 12,000 dollars, down 1,800 dollars compared with a seat sold on August 12. Rallies in early afternoon put prices at the best of the day but the firmer trend soon disappeared as Wall Street increased hedges caught the market in a bad mood and prices quickly tumbled until most positions were about 50 points under the days best. The market closed easy, 36 to 25 lower sales are estimated at 200,000.

CHICAGO GRAINS.

Chicago grains were firm reflecting further C.C.C. buying wheat a terminal centres, with open market purchases by the agency between September 9th and September 11th aggregating to 14,220,000 buseals. The strength of the cash markets as well as lack of important hedge pressure were additional stimulants. Meanwhile the advance in Winnipeg rye is attributed to short covering and buying partly by United States interest.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 18

	Today's closing
October	36.63—28
October highest	37.05+14
October lowest	36.56—35
December	36.43—28
January	36.18—29
March	36.02—35
May	35.71—36
July	35.18—36
October	32.92—29
Middling spot	37.03—33

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October	36.70—26
December	36.48—30
March	36.01—37
May	35.70—37
July	35.10—35
Middling spot	36.50—30

MOVE TO REFORM MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

Presiding over the extraordinary General Body meeting of the Madras Stock Exchange Ass. Ltd. Mr. S. Rm. Ct. A. Annamalai Chettiar said:—

"You are all aware that the Stock Exchange is the nerve-centre of all industrial activity of a country. We are passing through great times. The country and in particular our Province, endowed with a variety of vast natural resources and well-suited to all round important industries and with great talents, is going to be industrialised on a very large scale; and we must play our important part in building up those constructive things which are essential to human welfare and growth. It is a big task and requires the energies of every one of us. Our Association must take its proper place by having an active voice in shaping such plans and also an active part in the execution thereof.

To achieve our above objects, I request every one of you to concentrate your attention to local shares and new industries instead of frittering away the energies and resources of yourself and those of your clients in speculative shares of outside markets, in the end speculation is destructive, neither does good to us nor to our clients.

"I propose to make certain reforms in the constitution and rules of our Association, which are long overdue; and I request the fullest co-operation on all of you.

"Firstly, the founder membership must be abolished and our association made more democratic. I appeal to all the founder members to agree to the same willingly in the common interest of all. Secondly, the maximum membership of our association must be raised to one-hundred and the same must be conferred on individuals, and not on firms as at present. Thus cardholders only can become partners of Firms. Thirdly members must be allowed to do brokerage business as well as jobbing business; of course separate contract notes namely Broker-notes and Dealer-notes must be furnished to clients. Fourthly, for-nightly settlements should be introduced in regard to popular shares. By doing this, I hope we will be able to divert the speculative tendency of our clients to local shares and thus create a liquid market for our shares and make them more popular. Fifthly, an efficient clearing arrangement for deliveries must be made, satisfactory to all of us, without much cost. Sixthly, the Rules must be revised in the light of our experience these few years.

"To carry out these reforms, I propose to appoint special committees immediately. I request the members of such proposed committees to give their undivided attention to the matters entrusted to them and make it a success within a short period."

India's Favourable Trade Balance With U. S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15: U. S. purchases of goods and services from India during the four years 1942-45 exceeded Indian purchases from the United States by 421 million dollars, the U. S. Department of Commerce has reported.

Merchandise trade alone, after elimination of lend-lease and reciprocal aid shipments, resulted in a net excess of imports from India of 289,100,000 dollars for the four-year period. The so-called invisible items, dominated during this period by American military expenditures, provided an additional 131,900,000 dollars net to India.

Detailed estimates for the years in question are shown below:—

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for the week ended the 13th day of September:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES. Rs.

Notes held in the Banking Department	52,93,85,000
Notes in circulation	1203,63,62,000
Total Notes issued	1256,47,47,000
Total Liabilities	1256,47,47,000

ASSETS. Rs.

A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A.	1179,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin	18,89,01,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,12,000
Total Assets	1256,47,47,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.893 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES. Rs.

Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	490,44,26,000
(2) Government of Burma	26,50,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	19,99,84,000
(b) Banks	89,60,21,000
(c) Others	8,93,83,000
Bills Payable	8,46,71,000
Other Liabilities	5,15,79,000
Total Rs.	632,87,14,000

ASSETS. Rs.

Notes	52,93,85,000
Rupee Coin	24,46,000
Subsidary Coin	2,13,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,78,10,000
Balances held abroad	536,52,63,000
Other Loans and Advances	5,25,25,000
Investments	16,25,36,000
Other Assets	18,85,36,000
Total Rs.	632,87,14,000

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1930 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Sept. 18.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
I.C.C. Sept.	426/8	419/8	419/8
I.C.C. Jan.	442/8	427/12	437/12
I.C.C. March	450	444/12	444/12
Karachi Jan.	47/3	46/13/3	46/14/9

DISPOSALS

CINEMATOGRAPHIC PLATES & FILMS

The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, invites tenders for the purchase of

PHOTOGRAPHIC PLATES & FILMS

In good condition, available with the Stores Officer, Survey of India, Dehra Dun and Commandant, C. E. S. Central Depot. Sewri, Bombay.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE:—Tender No. RCS. 1349.EP.

LAST DATE DUE:— By 4 p. m. on 1/10/1946.

OFFERS should be sent to this office and should remain open for acceptance upto 1/11/1946.

EARNEST MONEY amounting to 10% of the value offered must be deposited in the Imperial/Reserve Bank /Government Treasury in favour of Regional Commissioner Disposals, Bombay under Head of Accounts "Revenue Deposits". The deposit will be refundable to unsuccessful tenderers.

TENDER FORMS showing the details of the abovementioned plates and films, their location and a general outline of the condition can be had on a payment of Rs. 5/- from this office.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS
(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Tel.: 30041 (5 lines)

DS/106

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Head Office: Kothari Mansion Opp. G.P.O. Bombay, 1.

MUTT AND JEFF— Well, Anyway, Jeff's Speech At The Peace Conference Kept Things Peaceful — By BUD FISHER

AND SO, GENTLEMEN, I REPEAT, ACCENTUATE THE NEGATIVE AND ELIMINATE THE ONE MEAT BALL!
JEFF, DO ME A FAVOR— SHUT UP!
DON'T YOU LIKE MY SPEECH?
LIKE IT? WHY IT'S NONSENSICAL! IT'S INSANE! IT'S INSULTING! IT'S AWFUL!
MUTT, I'LL HAVE YOU UNDERSTAND I MADE THAT VERY SAME SPEECH AT THE UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE!
YOU MADE THAT SPEECH AT THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY CONFERENCE?
I DID!
AND WHAT HAPPENED?
NOTHING! THEY ALL WENT TO SLEEP!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Bachelor, Businessman, age 30, desires marry well-built rich Hindoo lady of independent views. Widows considered. Write Dr Bhavalker 773, Sadashiv, Poona. (3353)

Wanted for a healthy, educated and handsome bachelor of 20 years from a millionaire and magnificent family, a pretty, charming, educated, healthy and tall virgin girl under 18 years belonging from a dignified Hindu Aggarwal family. Please communicate to Box No. 3314, "Bombay Chronicle" with full particulars including "Gotar" and latest photo.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Four Jobbers are required in the Weaving shed. Those with experience of Dobby and Jacquard looms may apply immediately to the Nanikram Sobhraj Mills Ltd., Ahmedabad. (9715)

Wanted: Calico printing Master specialist in Screen and Machine printing, also a Dyeing, Bleaching and Finishing master. State experience, qualifications and salary acceptable apply to The Punjab Printing and Finishing Mills Ltd., Ludhiana, Punjab. (3354)

Wanted Depot Manager on a monthly salary of Rs. 100|- plus Rs. 50|- as allowance to sell and secure orders for "Vita-Tea" packed or loose. None need apply who cannot invest at least Rs. 500|- against stock. Detailed terms from Bengal Assam Tea and Fishery Co. Ltd. 54, College Street, Calcutta. (9785)

Air-India Ltd. (Tata Air Lines) invite applications for employment from Aeronautical Engineers holding A, C or X licences. Initial salary would vary from Rs. 200|- to Rs. 500|- per month, plus dearness allowance, according to experience and extent of licences. (9786)

Wanted an Assistant Carding and Spinning Master. Apply with copies of testimonials giving full particulars of qualifications, previous experience and salary required to the Mahalakshmi Textile Mills, Ltd., Pasumalai P. O (Madura). (9784)

Wanted either sex with Finance to join a new Film Co., as Actors Actresses, Directors, Producers and Technicians etc., Apply with full particulars in first instance only to Post Bag No. 1098, Bombay No. 1. (3377)

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms" Hasting's & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (3368)

PERSONAL ADLETS

Wanted Addresses and details of Aesthetic Societies in Bombay and Poona. Reply Nalini, Box No. 3369 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry within short period. For prospectus apply Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3290)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Chronic Piles/Bawasir Patients. Try Himalayan Yogi's thrilling cure. Ask free. P. Laul Bros., Jullundur City. (3089)

Chitrakot-Asthma-Specific— Famous to cure the dreaded disease permanently by one dose to be taken on 10-10-46 Sharad purnima (fullmoon). Chitrakot Shubhchintak Karyalaya, Ghamapur, Jubbulpore. (3366)

Do not miss this golden opportunity— Registered Anusuiya Hills Herb. A sovereign remedy to relieve Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on full moon 10-10-46 Mr. S. K. Dar Sec. Judge H. Court, Allahabad writes that 9 have been cured out of 10 by this herb. Apply to Mahatma S. K. Das Sree Sant Sewa Ashram, P. O. Chitrakot U.P. (3367)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale English art card and butter paper at controlled rates. Apply Box No. 3375, "Bombay Chronicle."

Battery Charging Generators—For sale 2 battery charging generators 1000/1500 watts, 12 and 24 volts. Apply Western Manufacturing Co Post Box No. 1230, Bombay No. 1. (3373)

CANVASSERS WANTED

Wanted. Efficient Canvassor. Present Motor Market Experienced need apply to Box No. 3372, "Bombay Chronicle."

GODOWN WANTED

Wanted a godown in the Byculla area. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay, 11. (3376)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

For Sale—Complete Sugar Manufacturing plant, 317 tons crushing capacity. Mill 17 Rollers, excellent working condition. The Pipraich Sugar Mills Ltd. P.O. Pipraich Distt. Gorakhpur, U.P. (3378)

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted four pairs tyres and tubes size 500 x 15 for Fiat car. Please write to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay, 11. (3376)

PUBLIC NOTICES

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE,

ANNOUNCES in partial modification of his recent advertisement in so far as it related to the temporary posts of THREE EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS in the Punjab P.W.D., Buildings and Roads Branch, that the upper age limit in their case has been raised from 40 to 45 years on 1-8-1946. (9781)

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE,

Invites applications from British subjects (Indian or others) (Women only) NOT LATER THAN 14TH OCTOBER, 1946, on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury or M. O. receipt for Rs. 5|- (no fee in the case of war service candidates) for a permanent post of LADY ASSISTANT TO DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH, N.W.F.P. Pay: Rs. 250-10-300 p. m. Age: Between 30 and 55 years. Qualifications: (a) Certificate in General Nursing. (b) Diploma in Midwifery. (c) Certificate of Health Visitor. (d) Knowledge of Urdu, and (e) Pushto speaking preferred. Government servants eligible. Further particulars on application. War service candidates serving outside India can apply on plain paper, giving full information if prescribed forms not available. (9760)

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N. W F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE,

INVITES applications from British subjects (women only) NOT LATER THAN 14TH OCTOBER, 1946 on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by a treasury or M.O. receipt for Rs. 5 (no fee in the case of war service candidates), for a permanent post in P.E.S. (Class I) (Women's Branch) of PRINCIPAL, QUEEN MARY COLLEGE, LAHORE. Age:—Above 40 years on 14th October 1946. Pay: Rs. 400-25-625/25-850 P.M. Qualifications:—(i) High academic Degree of an Indian University and/or an Honours or Research Degree of an English University. (ii) Experience of running a college and capacity to organize all activities (including games and sports) would be an additional qualification. Government servants eligible. A suitably qualified zamindar will be preferred. Further particulars on application. (9779)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY-SIND

APPLICATIONS are invited before 4-11-1946 for a temporary post of Horticulturist in Sind. PAY:—300-700. AGE:—Ordinarily not more than 36 years on 4th November 1946 (not applicable to Government servants).

QUALIFICATIONS: — B.Ag. or B.Sc. (Hons.) (Agr.) with postgraduate training and 10 yeas Horticultural experience. Application form will be supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and uncrossed Indian Postal Order for Re. 1 payable to "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission", Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. (9781)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD.
Dated New Delhi, the 16-9-1946
DISPOSALS.
TENDER NOTICE.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Deptt. of Food (Div. III), Jamnagar House, New Delhi invites tenders for tender No. P/4 for the sale in full or in part of approximately 18,000 to 26,000 American "Accessory 200 Ration Packs" 'ex' where lying.

DESCRIPTION.

Each "Pack" is a cardboard carton said to contain:—
1. Cigarettes—20 cartons containing 10 pks of 20 Cigarettes each.
2. Safety Matches—200 Booklets of 20 each.
3. Tobacco (pipe)—8 Packets: Total about 1 lb.
4. Spark plug—Chewing Tobacco —2 pkts of 2 ozs. each.
5. Chewing gum—2 pkts of 5 sticks each.
6. Chocolate—50 x 1 oz Bars
7. Toilet goods as under:—
   (a) Razor Blades—6 pkts x 5 Blades each.
   (b) Simplex Razor—one.
   (c) Tooth Powder—10 Cans 3/4 oz each.
   (d) Tooth Brushes—3.
   (e) Lux Toilet Soap—14 cakes
   (f) Shaving cream—7 tubes.

Full conditions of contract of sale and all particulars as to location etc. of stores offered for sale will be given in the tender form which will be supplied free of cost against written applications.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on 8-10-'46 and must be kept open for a period of 30 days. They must be accompanied by a Deposit at Call Receipt from the Imperial Bank of India or the Reserve Bank in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase.

Earnest money calculated at 5 p.c. of the total value of the tender and which will be liable to be forfeited to Government if the tender is revoked within the above period. (9782)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS GIVEN, that two Shares Scrips Nos. 1097|98 of the Ratlam Sugar Mills Co., Ltd., for ten shares, Nos. 6359|68 in the name of Premchand Nanaji, Gandabhai Premchand are lost, if no objection is lodged with the Company within one month of the notice, duplicates thereof will be issued.

INDIAN INVESTORS. (3371)

PUBLIC NOTICES

SURPLUS SALES
OF AMERICAN STORES

SEALED TENDERS are invited, addressed to Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur, 24 Parganas, for the purchase of the following:—

AMERICAN CORD

LARGE QUANTITIES OF COTTON CORD, BRAIDED, VULCANISED, AND WAXED; LINEN CORD, BLOCKING SHOCK-ABSORBING; AND WAXED; BRAIDED SILK CORD from PARACHUTE SUSPENSION LINES;

ALSO SPECIAL VARIETIES OF NYLON BRAIDED LACINGS.

LOCATION of the cord is at Ranaghat, Panagarh, Karachi and Agra.

AMERICAN ROPE

LARGE QUANTITIES OF COTTON ROPE AND JUTE ROPE OF VARIOUS THICKNESSES FOR MISCELLANEOUS PURPOSES; MANILA ROPE OF THICKNESSES SUITABLE FOR AIRPLANE STAKING, TOWING, YACHT RIGGING ETC.; SISAL ROPE TYPE 1 OF DIAMETERS RANGING FROM ¼" to 1 3/4";

ALSO SUPER QUALITY NYLON ROPE ¼" & 3/4" DIA

LOCATION of the Rope is at Ranaghat, Panagarh, Karachi and Agra.

SAMPLES may be seen in the Company's Show Room; at Titaghur TENDER FORMS may be obtained on application to Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur, 24 Parganas with which full details of the rope and its quantity at the various depots where it is located, will be given.

PERMIT OF INSPECTION will be issued with the Tender Form.
SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE FOR CORD: SA-6/B(21).
SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE FOR ROPE: SA-7/B(21)
LAST DATE FOR RECEIVING TENDERS: 12-9-46 by 10 a. m.
OFFER TO REMAIN OPEN FOR ACCEPTANCE UNTIL 11-10-46
EARNEST MONEY: 25% of the total value offered should be sent by cheque together with the Tender Form.

All sales are subject to the "Company's Conditions of Contract".

TATA AIRCRAFT, LIMITED
TITAGHUR AIRDEPOT, 24-PARGANAS, BENGAL

NOTICE.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: FRITZ WARTENBERGER
Present Nationality: GERMAN.

Full Address: RITZ HOTEL, Bombay. (9772)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of pulses, copra, chillies, tamarind (Chinch), Coriander Seeds (Dhania) and Turmeric Sticks (Haldi) to the Railway's Central Godown at Shed No. 3, Wadi Bunder, Bombay. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of the tenders is 30th September, 1946, (3 p.m.). (9783)

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: Dr. PAUL HERMANN KRONENBERGER. Present Nationality: GERMAN Full address: 8 WODEHOUSE ROAD, Bombay. (9774)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
Department of Industries and Supplies
Office of the Director of Supplies, Bombay Circle, Bombay.
TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, Bombay, invites tender No. BOM-E-266 for the supply of 1.93 tons approx. of copper tubes seamless for smoke box and steam pipes to I. R. S. Specification No. W. I. 25, to reach him by 4 p. m. on 1-10-46 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from this Office at Rs. 3|- (not refundable) per set to be paid either in cash or M.O., or by Indian Postal Order quoting tender number, name and address of the remitter

Applicants not already on approved list of Contractors of this Department must give their Banker's reference on application for tender form.

Forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed. (9783)

NOTICE TO COMMON AND SPECIAL JURORS.

MEMBERS of the Common Jury summoned for the Current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court on the 1st floor on FRIDAY, the 20th September, 1946, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.)

MEMBERS of the Special Jury need not attend the Court on the 20th instant as directed but must watch the papers to see when their attendance is next required.

A. A. JASDENVALA,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 19th September, 1946. (9787)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF JAGGERY

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of jaggery at the Railway's godowns in the Bombay Province. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. The last date for the submission of tenders is 27th September, 1946, 3 p.m. 9680

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED from Engineering Firms upto 1 p.m. on 15th Oct. 1946, for the construction of a modern hospital in Rewa, the cost of which may go upto 10 lacs. Forms of tenders and agreement, conditions of contract and specifications can be had by prepayment of Rs. 50|-. Drawings can be seen in the Office of the undersigned on all working days.

CHIEF ENGR: & SECY., P.W.D.
Rewa State, C.I. (9712)

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
INSOLVENCY No. 101 of 1946

Re: HIRJI VASSONJI THACKER of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Tulsidas Girdhar Lane, Kolbhat Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay: ..... A Debtor.
Ex parte: SAREMAL SUKHANRAJ & CO., a firm: Petitioning Creditors

On the 17th day of September, 1946 on the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditors presented on the 27th day of August 1946, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 19th day of September 1946.

K. K. DASTUR,
Insolvency Registrar. (9778)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAKHUBAI HASANALLY, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property or any portion thereof by way sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at Lentin Chambers. Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Gauthan land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Bazaar at Bandra in South Salsette Taluka, Bombay Suburban District in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 100 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing City Survey No. 351 Bandra Municipal A Ward No. 545 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Bazaar Road (corner), on or towards the West by City Survey No. 352, on or towards the North by passage and on or towards the South by Bazaar Road.

Dated this 18th day of Sept. 1946.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN.
Purchaser's Attorneys. (9775)

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
INSOLVENCY NO. 89 of 1946

Re: SERGEANT MAJOR T. MARTINDALE, of Bombay European Inhabitant, residing at Wodehouse Quarters, Wodehouse Road, Colaba, within the Fort of Bombay ..... A Debtor
Ex parte: IBRAHIM FAZALBHAI JOOMABHAI LALJEE: .. Petitioning Creditor.

On the 6th day of August, 1946, on the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditor, presented on the 3rd of August, 1946, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1946.

K. K. DASTUR,
Insolvency Registrar. (9776)

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
INSOLVENCY NO. 99 OF 1946

Re: ABDUL RAZAK HAJI BACHUALLY, of Bombay Khoja Muslim Inhabitant, a Landed proprietor, residing at Dongri, Bombay: .... A Debtor.
Ex parte: HIMATMAL JASRAJ: .... Petitioning Creditor.

On the 3rd day of September, 1946, on the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioning creditor presented on 26th day of August, 1946, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 16th day of September, 1946.

K. K. DASTUR,
Insolvency Registrar. (9777)

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF DINING Drawing & Bedroom Furniture, English Glassware Crockery Plated ware, Fancy Articles. Sideboards, Chairs, Show Cases, Trolley, Upholstered Suites, Tables, Writing Desks, Beds, Teapoys, Wardrobes, cane suite, carpet etc. (Tomorrow) SATURDAY the 21st inst at 11 A.M. (S.T) at Dougall House 2nd Floor Dumayni Road, Colaba. Property of the late Capt. C. B. M. Thomas. Furniture on view.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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Cawnpore - 75/159, Civil Lines.

B. Dy. Regional Commissioners, Directorate General of Disposals at
Karachi - Variawa Building, McLeod Road.
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ISSUED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI

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